

# The Bismarck Tribune.

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NO. 11.

## THE NEWS.

### DETAILED ACCOUNT OF GARFIELD'S ILLNESS EXPENSES

More Rape Excitement Near Minneapolis—Senator Hill—Big Canal Scheme, Etc.

#### Expenses of Garfield's Illness.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—The board of auditors, consisting of the first and second comptrollers of the treasury and the treasurer of the United States, appointed by congress to consider all claims growing out of the illness and burial of President Garfield, has so far received only three claims, viz.: M'neely & Proctor, for furniture (beds and bedding) at \$162.25; J. Walsh, New York, for embalming body, \$500; and the claims of employees of the executive mansion. A certified list of these employees, together with their salaries, accompanies the claim, which is for three months. Under this apportionment there would be paid in round figures: J. Stanley Brown, private secretary, \$854; O. L. Pruden, assistant private secretary, \$562; W. H. Hook and C. M. Hendy, executive clerks, \$450; H. C. Norton and W. S. Hing, clerks, \$470; J. S. Burling, clerk, \$350; W. R. Dark, clerk, \$300; W. R. Judd, telegraph operator, \$350; C. B. Montgomery, operator, \$300; W. T. Crump, steward, \$450; C. Loefer, doorkeeper, \$550; four other doorkeeper, \$300 each; police sergeant, \$285; four policemen, \$270 each; five messengers, \$300 each; one watchman, \$225; one fireman, \$216; five servants, \$180 each; two laundresses, \$180 each; one driver, \$90; one chauffeur, \$70; two hostlers, \$105 each; total claim, \$11,113.

#### N. P. EXTENSION.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—The North Pacific Railway company has completed two additional sections to its road. One is in Idaho and the other in Montana. The two sections cover about 140 miles. Ex-Senator Conkling called at the depot of the interior today on business relating to the examination of the completed sections.

#### Seems to be Peculiar to Minnesota

ST. PAUL, Aug. 14.—The town of Richfield, Hennepin county, was the scene of great excitement yesterday afternoon, and there was a narrow escape from another McManus affair. A year-old daughter of August Anderson was playing in the road near the railroad when a man came along and, as was subsequently learned, induced her to accompany him down the road. But when she finally wanted to turn back he whipped her and pulled her hair, in order to make her stop her cries. It was about 3 o'clock when the child was missed. The neighbors turned out to assist the parents in their search. Later in the day they found her two miles from home, near "the Red Mill," crying bitterly. As near as could be learned from the little one's story, the villain had seen the postman's party, and becoming frightened had run across the fields and made his escape, having been unable, on account of the quick pursuit, to accomplish the villainous object which he undoubtedly contemplated. The only description the child could give of the brute was that he was rough, ragged, dirty, dark complexioned and with a big black mustache.

#### Their Latest Excuse.

NEW YORK, Aug. 14.—Watts, president of the Amateur Outmen's Association of America, received last evening from Liverpool. He said "The real objection to the Hillsdales was personally stated to me by the president of the English Amateur Rowing association. He said the two last crews from America had proved themselves unentirely in their conduct, and it was their determination to guard against a repetition of the same. The English club, which prevented the Hillsdales from competing, was the English Amateur Rowing association, whose challenges would be considered acceptable by the regatta of America. The English Amateur Rowing association would accept their challenge."

#### Boom in Suicides at Princeton.

PRINCETON, Ill., Aug. 14.—Two suicides occurred here to-day. This morning Charles Elia visited Miss Belle Mercer, to whom he had been affianced, and because she refused to marry him he went out and hanged himself.

Last evening C. A. Wilton, a prominent railroad man, auditor of the Des Moines & Fort Dodge railroad, blew his brains out while in office was reading a warrant for his arrest on the charge of bigamy. Last April he married Miss Eva Grass, daughter of a wealthy farmer. The allegation is that he had a wife and children in Brooklyn. Rumor is afloat that he had five or six wives.

#### A Young Lady's Adventure.

CHICAGO, Pa., Aug. 14.—A young man named Monahan, accompanied by a young lady, took a sail yesterday afternoon to the head of the bay. They remained until after the last boat had returned to the city, and Monahan undertook to row back in a small boat. He had been drinking heavily and took with him a bottle of whiskey, from which he drank till stupidly drunk. The young lady then took the oars and attempted to pull to land. After a time Monahan raised himself, and

in attempting to rise fell overboard and was drowned. After floating around in the dark for some hours the lady was picked up by a vessel.

#### Important Canal Project.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 14.—A meeting of great importance to the northern part of Minnesota is to be held at Duluth to-morrow, being a convention of persons interested in the project of constructing a canal from Lake Superior to the Red River of the North. The Red river valley will be well represented in the convention, and the attendance is expected of gentlemen of New York and Boston, besides gentlemen of St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth. It is claimed that the canal can be built with only forty miles of ditching, the remainder of the way being by rivers and lakes.

#### Chili and Peru Still Fighting.

PANAMA, Aug. 14.—News from Peru states that the war is becoming one of extermination. The excess of Chilean troops in the interior has excited the populace, who are rising against the troops. This news causes a sensation in Chili. Public meetings are held, at which orators employ the most violent language, and demand that an army shall at once march against Arica. A committee was formed, which offered to raise a thousand men for the purpose.

#### The Bankers at Saratoga.

SARATOGA, Aug. 14.—A number of bankers from the southwest and New England are already here to attend the meeting of the association Wednesday. Among the leading topics to be discussed are: Silver and Currency. Necessity of a National Bankruptcy Law. Methods of Preventing Defalcation. The Year's Progress South in Agriculture and Manufacture. What Can be Done by Banks to Meet the Wants of the South for Capital, etc.

#### A \$50,000 Blaze.

ATCHISON, Kan., Aug. 14.—An incendiary fire at Mankato, on the Central Branch railway in the western part of the state, yesterday morning, destroyed several business houses, involving a loss of \$50,000. This is said to have been the third attempt to destroy the town. Business men have offered a reward for the capture of the incendiaries.

#### Ohio Railway Accident.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 14.—A special from Hill-gar's crossing chronicles a collision near there yesterday between a passenger and a freight train of the Cleveland & Marietta railway. Both locomotives were wrecked and many passengers more or less injured. Miss Josie Carr, who was pushed from the caboose by some excited person, was run over and killed.

#### Senator Hill Very Near to Death.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—A telegram from Senator Brown received to-day, announces that Senator Ben Hill would not probably live through the day, and requesting senators and representatives to be communicated with so those who desired might be prepared to attend the funeral.

#### The Utica Postmaster.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—The acting postmaster general to-day appointed Judson Stevens postmaster at Utica, N. Y. The nomination of Stevens caused considerable controversy in the senate, and was left un-called. When congress adjourned the former postmaster was suspended.

#### Cut in Two Lengthwise.

WHEELING, W. Va., Aug. 14.—This morning Johnson Chapman, aged 13, son of the chief clerk of the T. V. & W. freight depot at Bridgeport, attempted to jump from a moving engine and fell under the tender. His body was completely severed in halves lengthwise, one limb being on each half.

#### Death of Leading Milwaukeean.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 14.—The death of Jesse Hoyt, of New York, is announced by private dispatch. Deceased was a partner of the elevator firm of Adams, Smith & Co., of this city. His death will be a terrible blow for the Milwaukee & Northbrook road, in which he was heavily interested.

#### Ramsay Off for Utah

ST. PAUL, Minn., Aug. 15.—The Hon. Alex. Ramsay left for Salt Lake City to-day to attend to his duties as chairman of the Utah commission. The other members of the commission will meet him at Omaha. He expects to be absent about two months.

#### Will Go To Work.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Aug. 14.—At a meeting of the striking miners to-night, many of them were in favor of accepting Parish & Co.'s proposition to return to work upon the promise that they should be paid in the same proportion as other colliers in the district.

#### Will Help Arabi.

TORONTO, Aug. 14.—Gen. Reed has a letter from an ex-officer of the confederate army that a cavalry expedition is being organized in the southern states to aid Arabi, and requesting him to join the expedition, which is expected to start for Egypt in a few days.

#### Bigelow's Bad Break.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—The amount of the defalcation of Frank Bigelow, teller of the National Bank of the Republic is \$57,000. Bigelow was jailed in default of \$55,000 bail.

#### Found Drowned.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 14.—Martin Griswold, 87 years old, and of unsound mind, was found drowned to-day in the river at Cuyahoga Falls.

## SENATOR HOAR EXPLAINS

### WHY HE VOTED FOR THE RIVER AND HARBOR BILL.

Disastrous Rains in Wisconsin—A Virginia Duelist on Trial—Secretary Chandler at the Norfolk Navy Yard.

#### Hoar Rises to Explain.

WORCESTER, Mass., Aug. 15.—Senator Hoar has addressed a letter to the people of Massachusetts giving his reasons for voting for the river and harbor bill, and giving also some views on internal improvements. In opening Mr. Hoar says: "It has never been your fashion to condemn your public servants unheard. You will be glad to listen to reasons which have governed a large majority of your delegation, as well as a large majority in both houses of congress, in giving support to the river and harbor bill. No representative of Massachusetts could have the slightest personal motive, or any desire except to do his simple duty. The bill contained an appropriation of \$13,000 to be expended within her limits, and this for objects so clearly just and reasonable that they would have kept their place if the bill had been reduced by two-thirds. If we have erred it has been with a desire to do right. In one thing at least you will agree with me. Being convinced by these reasons myself, if I had failed to act upon that conviction from any unworthy of personal consequences I should respect of honest men. There is no son of Massachusetts who loves her more than I do, but fully believing, after careful consideration, that my duty to her, and to the whole country, required of me that vote, I could not have failed to cast it for all the honors and offices within her gift. The people got more for their money from this class of appropriations than from any other. These works are all permanent. They do not perish. The money is expended by a board of experienced army officers, who have the confidence of the country more than any other public body. No member of congress or anybody else can influence these expenditures. The economy and honesty of expenditure in this department has never, so far as I know, been challenged."

#### That Big Canal Project.

DULUTH, Minn., Aug. 16.—The canal convention resumed its session at 9 o'clock. Judge E. St. Julien Cox made a strong speech, picturing the future northwest. Gen. Banning, of St. Paul, made one of the best speeches of the convention, showing that the United States must keep the balance of trade in her favor to maintain a sound financial system. Judge Ives, of Crookston, had watched the development of the northwest since 1877, and sees the necessity of greater carrying capacity to the markets of the world. The canal is a pressing need. Judge Nelson made a speech on the development of the new northwest. Col. Graves, of Duluth, delivered a speech bristling with figures. Resolutions were adopted declaring the project feasible at reasonable cost, setting forth the advantages of the canal as an outlet for the products of the great northwest; urging congress to appropriate money for examination and survey; and recommending the appointment of a committee of five to fix up reports and distribute them. The officers of the convention were made permanent, and the body adjourned sine die.

#### Bad Wisconsin Weather.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 15.—A violent storm, coming from the southwest, struck Madison and vicinity last night. It was seemingly confined to a section of country reaching from Mazomanie to a few miles east of Madison. In the Black Earth valley the storm was particularly severe. A cloud burst near Cross Plains, deluging the whole valley. The Black Earth creek rose with such rapidity that two freight trains and the eastern passenger reaching that station were afraid to go further, and as subsequent evidence proved, this precaution was a wise one for in less than half an hour the rushing water carried away a fifty foot bridge east of the station, and in less than an hour carried away another bridge just west of the station, sweeping away nine freight cars which were attached to one of the freight trains, and standing on the bridge from lack of room on the switch. Much damage has been done to crops, but the extent of the country reached by the storm is not learned.

#### A Duelist in Court.

MEHERIN, Va., Aug. 15.—The trial of Richard B. Garland for the murder of Addison, in a duel, was resumed to-day. A witness testified that when Boswell handed Garland another pistol Addison remarked "I will play. My pistol has refused to fire but I have no other." Boswell then remarked: "I am satisfied, gents, if you are." Addison next said, "Well, boys, I am done for. I have been shot through the bowels." Garland next replied: "I have been shot through the arm." The letters which caused the duel were written by Miss McHatchet to Garland, and those written to Miss McH. by Garland, and were read by the court and jury.

#### That Milwaukee Train Wrecker.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 14.—William Johnson, of Racine, who attempted twice on Saturday evening to derail passenger trains on the Chicago & Northwestern road, had his preliminary examination this evening, and was

bound over to the criminal court under \$1,000 bail.

#### The Wilkesbarre Miners.

WILKESBARRE, Aug. 15.—Charles Parish & Co. order work resumed at Hullenback mine to-morrow. This will give the dissatisfied drivers and boys a chance to return upon the basis offered them Monday last by the operators.

#### Secretary Chandler at Norfolk.

NORFOLK, Va., Aug. 15.—The secretary of the navy and party arrived this morning and made a thorough inspection of the navy yard. They left this evening.

#### Clubbed to Death.

MANDAN, Aug. 17, 1 p. m.—A sickening murder was committed yesterday afternoon about four o'clock, a short distance below Fort Lincoln, the particulars of which are as follows, as near as could be obtained last night: A farmer named Peter Booke came in late last night and swore out a warrant for the arrest of Harry Hall and John and Charles Trumbull, on a charge of murdering his brother, Jacob Booke. It seems that Hall and the Trumbull brothers had taken a sub-contract under McLean & Macnider, of Bismarck, to furnish hay to the post at Lincoln, and that Booke also had a contract. They had several disputes about their rights in cutting certain hay, and a good deal of bad feeling was stirred up. Yesterday, according to Peter Booke's statement, Chas. Trumbull threatened to strike him with an axe, and he defended himself with a gun, when Trumbull desisted and sent to Mandan for John Trumbull to adjust the difficulty. When he arrived, Jacob Booke was grinding a sickle. Then began a dispute in which Booke drew a scythe on Chas. Trumbull, who struck him with his fist, and then picked up the treadle of the grindstone, a long oak stick, and hit him with it several times, knocking him down. Booke got up and ran to the fort, where he shortly afterward died from his injuries. John Trumbull was sitting in a buggy near the scene of the tragedy. The affair was also witnessed by Booke's brother and a woman named Egan. John Trumbull returned to Mandan and was arrested by Sheriff Carr. He was taken before Justice Bateman, and there being no witnesses the examination was postponed until this morning at 9 o'clock. The sheriff starts for the scene of the crime at daybreak, and will arrest the other two witnesses.

#### Senator Hill Dead.

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 16.—Senator Hill is dead.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Senators Lamar, Morgan, Beck and Saulsbury, accompanied by Col. Sweet, assistant postmaster of the senate, leave to-morrow morning for Atlanta to attend the funeral of Senator Hill. The funeral will be delayed till Saturday to afford ample time to those at a distance to reach Atlanta. The front entrance of the senate chamber is draped in mourning, and a flag at half-mast.

#### Unsuccessful Robber Hunting.

KEWANEE, Ill., Aug. 16.—The excitement over the late bank robbery is about ended. All the scouting parties who have been scouring the country since the occurrence have returned, and the case has been put into the hands of detectives. There is a suspicion that a Chicago drummer who was there about the time of the robbery, but who disappeared shortly afterward, was concerned in it. The robbers have got such a long start that there is little hope of their being caught.

#### A \$233,750 Transaction.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 16.—The sale was perfected to-day of 55,000 acres of Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad lands in Lincoln, Jackson, Martin, Faribault and Freeport counties, Minnesota, to A. Boysen, Danish vice consul at Milwaukee, who has fifty families on the way from Denmark to settle on the lands. Other colonists are also coming. The price is understood to be \$4.25 per acre.

#### Lumber on the Rise.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—The lumber exchange this day advanced prices on about half the grades quoted on the official list, which will supplement the August list. The advance is from fifty cents to one dollar per thousand. The highest advance is on stock and box boards, common twelve-inch boards and common fencing. There is a smaller advance on common boards, flooring, joists and scantling.

#### Amenities of Minnesota Politics.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 16.—C. M. Fosnes to-day instituted a libel suit against H. A. Castle, editor and publisher of the Dispatch because Castle, in his paper, called him a thief and accused him of dispensing corruption money for Windom.

#### Poor Little Snoozer.

WHEELING, W. Va., Aug. 16.—This afternoon a 3-year-old son of Henry Bright, a laborer, laid down on the track under a freight train and went to sleep. The engine backed a car over his body, severing the head and both arms.

## THE NEWS REPORT.

AS FURNISHED BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

Southwestern "Terrors"—Promise of Indian Troubles in the Northwest—Crime at Northfield, Minn.—Other Important News.

#### Adventures of Three Terrors.

DALLAS, Tex., Aug. 17.—Three young men of respectable families, named Water Clay Combs, Henry Atkinson and Joseph Napier, who have been suspected of being connected with several train robberies during the past year, have been stealing stock, breaking into houses and committing other lawless acts for the past few days, and making themselves a terror to the people. Yesterday they robbed Overton's county store, and then set it on fire and rode away. The building was destroyed. About midnight they arrived at a farm house owned by a man named Newhall, routed him out of bed and made him give them a bottle of whisky. Then they concluded they would ravish Newhall's daughter, 19 years of age, whereupon the old men went into the house and immediately reappeared with a double-barreled shotgun, with which he opened fire on the desperadoes, wounding one of them and killing one of their horses. They stole one of Newhall's horses, placing their wounded comrade on it, and rode away. A strong posse of citizens are in pursuit of the gang. In the melee with Newhall, the old man was shot in the leg and severely wounded.

#### Injuns and Other Calamities.

TUCSON, Ari., Aug. 17.—The Star's Mexican advices from Magdalen, Sonora, say fifteen Apache bands are continuing their raids in the vicinity of Uru. A band of 1,000 are now raiding Sonora river valley. Don Vellasco, of Cuenbet's ranch, and a number of others in the valley were killed last week. Over 100 people have been killed in the vicinity of Uru within the last month.

A Star special from Bowie says a party of six smugglers with forty pack animals, encamped for the night in a canyon. All save one were drowned by a cloud burst last week. Their bodies were found scattered along the canyon next morning.

#### Russell Convicted.

YANKEE, D. T., Aug. 17.—The jury in the Russell case at daylight this morning returned a general verdict of guilty of complicity in the Santa Fe scrip frauds. They were out seven hours. Russell cannot be sentenced until another one of the alleged conspirators is convicted. A motion for a new trial in his case was entered. The verdict is taken as settling the cases against Cameron and Carpenter, as Russell's case was considered the weakest. The evidence shows that the three men were the prime movers in the scrip frauds, the discovery of which created so much excitement in Dakota recently.

#### Wouldn't be Arrested.

NORTHFIELD, Minn., Aug. 17.—Chief of Police Ingalls arrested a man by the name of Al Freeland, at 1 o'clock this morning. Freeland was drunk and disorderly, and as the chief arrested him he called on his companions, four in number, to rescue him. This they proceeded to do, and Ingalls drew his revolver and ordered the men to stand back. As he did this, Freeland caught the officer's hand and the revolver and tried to take it from him. In the scuffle the revolver was discharged, the ball lodging in Freeland's skull. No hope of the man's recovery is entertained by the physicians. No blame is attached to the chief for this.

#### Red Cloud's Wrath.

OMAHA, Aug. 17.—The commanding officer at Fort Robinson telegraphed to army headquarters here that he has received dispatches from Agent McGillicuddy, at Pine Ridge agency, to the effect that Red Cloud notified him that he must leave the agency by Oct. 1st. The agent has also informed the commissioner of Indian affairs that Red Cloud has been sullen since he was deposed from the chieftainship of the Sioux by Gen. Crook. For this reason Agent McGillicuddy deposed him of the chieftainship of his own band of one thousand Sioux at Pine Ridge and seven thousand at Rosebud agency.

#### Railway Accident at St. Paul.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 17.—A construction train on the C. M. & St. P. cut-off, between Minneapolis and St. Paul, and near the short-line junction, met with an accident to-day that narrowly escaped serious consequences. A switch had been misplaced and the train was running at such a rate of speed that the engine, four platform and four box cars were thrown from the track. The cars and engine were badly damaged but fortunately no one was injured, as the engineer and fireman sprang from the engine and saved themselves.

#### Pensacola's Peril.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 17.—The national board of health has received a report from Surgeon Owen, U. S. N., at Pensacola, stating that on the 15th inst. the mates of the Spanish bark Sileta, at Sullivan's wharf, died of yellow fever, and that three men were sick on board; also that the bark was towed to sea a few hours after their death. He states that great excitement prevails at Pensacola, as there are rumors of other cases of fever.



## NORTH DAKOTA.

FREE HOMES FOR THE POOR IN  
THE SEAT OF EMPIRE.

Wonderful Wheat Lands—What was  
Predicted for this Country Years  
Ago—A Live and Prosper-  
ous People.

## An Able Paper.

In a recent issue of the Washington  
National Farmer appeared the following  
from the pen of Delegate Pettigrew re-  
garding North Dakota:

I now believe that the ultimate last seat of  
government on this great continent will be found  
somewhere within a circle or radius not very far  
from the spot on which I stand.

So spoke Wm. H. Seward at St. Paul  
in 1880.

Charles Carleton Coffin, under the nom-  
de plume of "Carleton," published in 1870  
a work, "The Seat of Empire." He says:

Across this belt of land between Lake Superior  
and the Pacific lies the world's great future  
highway. The physical features of this portion  
of the continent are favorable for the develop-  
ment of every element of a high civilization.

The geographical position is in the main  
axial line of the world's grand commercial  
movement.

"I hear the humming of  
saws, the pounding of hammers, the flying of  
shuttlers, the click and clatter of machinery. By  
every mill steam rises up a town. The slopes  
are golden with ripening grain. The forests,  
the fields, the mine, the river, alike yield their  
abundance to the ever growing multitude."

The future man of the Northwest will have  
American, Norse, Celtic and Saxon blood in his  
veins. His countenance, in the pure, dry, elec-  
tric air, will be as fresh as the morning. His  
muscles will be iron, his nerve steel.

The citizen of the northwest will be a freeman;  
no shackles will bind him, nor will he wear a  
lock upon his lips.

Situated where the  
great stream of human life will pour the might-  
est flood from ocean to ocean, beneficently en-  
dowed with nature's riches, and illumined by  
such a light, there will be no portion of all  
earth's wide domain surpassing in glory and  
grandeur this future Seat of Empire.

When Carleton wrote, the North Pacific  
railway was an experiment and had  
pushed the iron bed but fifty miles west-  
ward from Proctor Knott's famous "Zen-  
ith City of the Unsalted Seas." All that  
portion of Dakota above the 46th parallel  
was an Indian reservation, and an un-  
broken wilderness, literally untrodden by  
the foot of white man.

"The Seat of Empire" was received as the  
idle vaporings of a paid emissary of  
the visionary North Pacific scheme, and  
the astute press of the country treated it  
with universal ridicule, relegating its  
author to the list of branny men whose  
talents were purchasable in the interest of  
deception and fraud.

Wearily struggling against seeming in-  
surmountable obstacles, its projectors  
pushed the road on and reached the Red  
River of the North at Moorhead, Clay  
county, Minn., in 1873.

The right of way through the Indian  
reservation of Dakota was granted to the  
road, but title could not be given to a foot  
of the lands for any other purpose.

At this period general impressions re-  
specting the region voted it a sterile  
waste, uninhabitable because of its severe  
climate and barren soil, and the sweet  
song of Carleton fell upon unwilling ears.

The world looked upon the attempt to  
build a railroad across it as the culmina-  
tion of the mad spirit of speculation which  
developed as a legacy of the civil war, fed  
by the flood of paper in circulation as  
money.

But the nerve and the apparently inex-  
haustible resources of Jay Cooke flagged  
not. Gathering themselves as the banks  
of the Red, they flung the band of iron  
across, undauntedly penetrating the un-  
known wilderness, and by the fall of 1873  
had connected the Missouri and Red river  
with 200 miles of perfect operating rail-  
way.

At this period the tide of fictitious pros-  
perity had reached its flood, and an in-  
cident of the railway enterprise, in itself  
comparatively trifling, continued the ter-  
minus of the road at Bismarck nearly  
eight years, precipitating the business re-  
volution which suspended the prosperity  
of the commercial world and brought  
want and desolation to thousands of  
heart-stones.

On the 16th of September, 1873, Jay  
Cooke & Co. suspended, because a syn-  
dicate of rival New York bankers combined  
to defeat a loan of less than \$4,000,000,  
which that firm were obliged to raise in  
order to meet its temporary demands from  
the road.

There are probably a dozen men in New  
York, the individual check of either of  
whom would be honored for that sum on  
demand to-day. If one of these had come  
to the rescue in the crisis what a dark  
page in the history of commerce might  
have been averted.

When Wellington stood at bay, hoping  
for night or Blucher, destiny placed the  
unsophisticated cow boy in the latter's  
path, by whom he was guided to the field  
of battle, and the character of Europe's  
civilization was determined for genera-  
tions.

Providence provided no guides for the  
great financial leaders, and the night  
closed in utter darkness.

In the year 1873 the government effected  
a treaty with the Indians by which the  
whole of what is now North Dakota was  
ceded to it, and the Indians retired to  
their present lands in South Dakota, with  
the exception of two or three small bands,  
so that simultaneously with the pacific  
this vast country was thrown open to set-  
tlers.

"North Dakota," or as the Senate has  
chosen to designate it, "Pembina" (pro-  
nounce it as you do Arkansas,) includes  
all that part of Dakota north of the 46th  
parallel to the British Possessions. It  
forms a parallelogram 210 miles north to

south, and 360 miles from Minnesota on  
the east to Montana on the west contain-  
ing 76,000 square miles.

The unfavorable reception of Carleton's  
book, and the ridicule of the country by  
the press, strange to say, inured to the  
advantage of the section. It discouraged  
non-resident speculators from buying the  
lands in large tracts, to die in idleness,  
for actual settlers to advance their value.

A large element of sturdy frontiersmen,  
who were beyond these discouraging in-  
fluences, were quick to learn the value of  
the lands, and were the first to enter upon  
them in the line of the railroad and dem-  
onstrate their possibilities by actual cul-  
tivation and improvement.

Its material development was neces-  
sarily slow for the first few years, until the  
pioneers had produced three or four an-  
nual crops, so that the first great impetus  
dates from about 1876; but since that  
Carleton's dream has been measurably  
realized, and from a fictionist he has  
been placed among the prophets.

At the very threshold, approaching  
North Dakota in the line of the human  
tide sweeping westward in search of  
homes, the Red River of the North, which  
separates North Dakota from Minnesota,  
waters a valley incomparably rich, having  
a width of forty miles on the Dakotaside.

The topographical peculiarities of this  
valley have attracted the attention of sa-  
vants, who have undertaken to set forth  
theories respecting their origin and forma-  
tion. I have seen nothing, however, which  
agrees with my own views.

Exactly at the 45 deg. 30 min. latitude,  
or thirty-five miles south of the line  
of North Dakota, is a valley three  
miles long. At the south end of this  
valley is Big Stone Lake, which empties  
into the Minnesota, and flows thence south  
to the Gulf of Mexico.

At the north end of the valley is Lake  
Traverse, which empties into the Red  
River of the North, and thence north to  
Hudson's bay.

When these lakes are full their waters  
connect, and unbroken water communi-  
cation is thus produced from the great  
gulf to Hudson's bay in the north, through  
a continuous valley, whose greatest alti-  
tude is only 1,400 feet above tide-water.

During the glacier period this whole  
region was covered with unbroken fields  
of ice, lying as it then did within the Ar-  
ctic circle.

By some convulsion of nature the earth  
was again shifted, throwing this belt  
within the sun's radius, and the process  
of melting began, the mass of ice gradu-  
ally disappearing on its southernmost face,  
the flow continued for a long period  
southward.

During the process of melting this vast  
valley must have been the bed of an un-  
broken lake, the waters of which were  
continually precipitating the matter it  
held in solution, which matter accounts  
for the inexhaustible bed of rich soil  
making this the richest producing land  
in the world.

As the melting process gradually con-  
sumed the barrier, it opened a track until  
it found an outlet in Hudson's Bay, when  
the waters of the great lake were drained  
out leaving the soil substantially in its  
present form.

In its producing qualities the soil is  
superior to that of the Yellow River val-  
ley in China, the Nile in Egypt, or the  
Rhine in Europe.

It is well known that the Yellow River  
valley of China has sustained a population  
of one person to the acre for the past three  
centuries without any apparent dimini-  
tion in the quality of its soil.

In the valley of the Red River of the  
North there are upwards of 4,000,000 acres  
within the borders of North Dakota  
alone.

It requires no stretch of imagination to  
picture the teeming millions dreamed of  
by Carleton, who are to inhabit it.

Red river, together with its numerous  
tributaries flowing from Dakota toward it,  
fringed with heavy oak timber beyond  
which spreads, for the distance named, the  
sloping bed of the valley, its surface cov-  
ered with luxuriant grasses, until it in-  
perceptibly merges into the rolling prairie  
of which the rest of the territory consists.

Between the Missouri and Red river the  
whole 200 miles of beautiful plains are  
well watered by numerous streams, those  
flowing towards the Gulf in the south,  
and the great Bay in the north inter-  
weaving in the territory, like the lapping  
of one's fingers when the hands are  
joined.

James River, with its 400 miles of tor-  
tuous bed emptying in the Missouri south,  
and Mouse river flowing northward into  
Red river, both of which flow through  
McHenry county in opposite directions  
are conspicuous illustrations of my asser-  
tion.

Mouse river and its valley in formation  
origin and characteristics is the only other  
stream in the territory resembling Red  
river. It contains 2,500,000 acres of the  
same rich loam lands found in the Red  
river valley, with fully as favorable cli-  
mate.

Passing the Missouri westward, the soil  
is found to be a rich loam averaging two  
feet deep, with an underlying stratum of  
subsoil of porous clay peculiarly adapted  
to the production of small grains, espe-  
cially wheat, oats and barley. The sub-  
soil itself, when thrown to the surface  
will produce the flinties of wheat in quan-  
ties per acre surpassing belief.

Garden vegetables grow in great lux-  
uriance and mature in perfection, while  
tame grasses are produced with less labor  
and more certainty than they can be in  
much more southern climates.

Nature, in her wisdom, has provided  
against a famine in fuel by distributing  
beds of coal conveniently throughout the  
territory.

Already vast fields have been discovered  
and valuable mines are in operation at  
various points west of Bismarck supply-

ing the wants of the people and railroads  
at the smallest cost and labor.

Along the banks of Mouse river veins  
seven feet thick crop out at short inter-  
vals, indicating inexhaustible beds of  
coal, which, on analysis, is proven of  
great candle power and remarkably free  
from sulphur and other impurities.

In the Red river valley the winters are  
probably no less rigid than in contiguous  
sections of the northwest. Approaching  
the center and western sections, the warm  
winds from the Pacific ocean, modified  
by the Japan currents, creep across the  
depressions of the Rocky mountains in  
North Montana and the British posses-  
sions counteracting the temperature, and,  
wonderful as it may seem, the period of  
snow is so reduced that the winters are  
shorter and milder than in central Ohio  
and Illinois.

Persons afflicted with bronchial trou-  
bles of a mild type are greatly benefited  
by a residence in this climate, and per-  
manent cures have actually been effected  
without the aid of artificial remedies.

In brief, the reader is given herein a  
description of the physical characteristics  
and natural resources of North Dakota,  
which region, up to the date of its cession  
to the national government by the Indians  
in 1873, was universally esteemed a desert,  
incapable of sustaining civilized life by  
the productions of its soil.

By the beginning of 1876 the venture-  
some pioneers who had settled in North  
Dakota in 1873, and subsequently had  
demonstrated by their experiments at  
farming the wonderful wealth of the soil  
and the uniform favorable character of  
the seasons and climate for producing the  
very finest crops.

Dating from this centennial year a new  
era was inaugurated, and an impetus  
given to the material development of the  
territory which continued uninterruptedly  
with increasing importance.

The landscape became dotted with  
towns and farm houses. Cattle were seen  
peacefully grazing, where only the buffalo  
and elk had fed for centuries before up to  
within a few short months previous.

In 1880 the official census showed the  
resident population to number 35,000  
whites, having 350,000 acres in cultiva-  
tion; producing 3,000,000 bushels of wheat  
that season beside other products of the  
soil aggregating almost as much in value  
as the wheat crop. Possessing herds of  
cattle and sheep more than sufficient to  
meet the home necessities and the local  
markets.

At this date there were eight completely  
organized counties along the line of Red  
river and the 200 miles of the North Pa-  
cific railroad, which then comprised all  
of the railroad existing in the territory of  
North Dakota. These eight counties pos-  
sessed towns of more or less importance,  
embracing churches, schools, and the other  
comforts and conveniences peculiar to  
frontier settlements.

The growth of the country, the increase  
of population, the increased value of per-  
manent improvements, and the increased  
value of its products since the year of  
1880 is the great marvel however, and is  
unparalleled in the history of any other  
agricultural community on the globe.

To-day North Dakota contains a popu-  
lation numbering 80,000, having 800,000  
acres of land in cultivation, producing the  
enormous yield of 8,000,000 bushels of  
wheat alone, in 1882, while the product is  
much more diversified, and other prod-  
ucts have correspondingly increased in  
aggregate value.

Enormous as this increase appears in  
contrast with the product of 1880, yet it is  
obtained from less than one-fiftieth part  
of the soil of the territory, leaving some  
48,000,000 acres of virgin soil awaiting the  
settler, to whom it lies ready to yield up  
its riches.

It would be plagiarizing a three-leaf  
declaration, perhaps, to assert that this  
broad territory is capable of feeding the  
entire population of the United States,  
and Europe combined. Yet it would be  
within the bounds of reason, basing the  
estimate upon the minimum average prod-  
uct of the area now in cultivation.

Within the territory there are now \$50  
miles of first-class railway in operation,  
worked to its fullest capacity in convey-  
ing freight and passengers to and from  
the various terminal points, and new  
track is continuously being laid in other  
directions to meet the needs of the rapidly  
increasing inhabitants.

The North Pacific railroad has already  
penetrated more than 300 miles into Mon-  
tana on its westward way, and, building  
from three points on Puget's sound, is  
progressing rapidly eastward, leaving a  
gap of less than 300 miles, which will be  
bridged within another year, when the  
markets of the world, from the ocean to  
the orient, will be brought to the doors  
of the people of the territory on an un-  
broken highway of steam.

Probably one of the best criterions for  
judging of the marvelous material prog-  
ress of this section is found in the in-  
crease of its taxable properties.

In 1881 taxes were paid on \$17,000,000.  
The assessments for this year aggregate  
more than \$40,000,000 on what is conceded  
as a low valuation. In 1880 the assess-  
ments were only \$7,000,000.

The inducements offered by the North  
Pacific railroad authorities to purchasers  
of their lands, under stipulations, requir-  
ing that a certain percentage should be  
cultivated within a fixed period, brought  
in many of the boldest and most energetic  
farmers who purchased large tracts and  
occupied them with all the scientific ap-  
pliances necessary to make them yield  
their greatest wealth.

This kind of farming has proven equal-  
ly as profitable in proportion as small  
farming. And many of the owners have  
kept regular records of their expendi-  
tures and receipts, the profits are fully  
proven and well known to the public.

To illustrate my statement, I will take  
the Granden farm, located in Traill coun-

ty in the Red River valley, fifty miles  
north of Fargo.

Mr. J. L. Granden is a citizen of Tide-  
out, Pa., having 10,000 acres of his Dakota  
land in cultivation, spending his summers  
there during the time his crops are in cul-  
tivation, and living in his Pennsylvania  
home in the winter. For five years con-  
secutive crops of wheat have been pro-  
duced from each and every acre, yielding  
an annual profit of \$12.62 per acre, making  
an aggregate net profit for the five years  
of \$631,000.

The lands beyond the Red River valley  
on the rolling uplands are found equally  
as productive, and the production of crops  
in every way as certain. I shall illustrate  
this by citing the experience of Mr. Steele,  
who has 2,000 acres in cultivation in Kid-  
der county, near Bismarck, 200 miles west  
of Red river. Mr. Steele has diversified  
his crops, dividing the lands in the cul-  
tivation of oats, barley and wheat.

During the four years that he has had  
the tract named under cultivation his  
profits have netted him \$13.90 per acre,  
or an aggregate profit of \$111,200 for the  
four years.

This profit per acre exceeds the income  
on \$300,000 of four per cent. United  
States bonds, and is fully as certain from  
one year to another, for an indefinite  
period. Yet these lands can be had by  
the actual settler as a gift, there being 36,  
000,000 acres yet subject to entry under  
the homestead and pre-emption law, while  
those wishing larger tracts can purchase  
railroad lands at \$3 to \$10 per acre in un-  
limited quantities.

In a former article I demonstrated how  
the settler could acquire 320 acres govern-  
ment lands free of cost, under the home-  
stead and tree-culture laws.

Exercising equal energy and economy  
the owner of a small farm can increase  
the average profit per acre over that ob-  
tained by such large farmers as Messrs.  
Steele & Granden.

With these illustrations to show what  
can be done, I leave those contemplating  
removal to the far west, to draw their own  
conclusions. The influx of population is  
already great enough to satisfy the most  
ambitious resident of North Dakota as to  
its future greatness and importance in the  
sisterhood of states.

Notwithstanding their rapidly-increas-  
ing prosperity, the illimitable expanse of  
country, and bracing climate, infuse into  
the people a corresponding broadness of  
nature and generosity of spirit which  
warmly welcomes the new comer and ex-  
tends to him a brotherly aid and co-opera-  
tion, should an hour of discouragement  
overcome him, which invariably bridges  
him over the cloud into the sunshine of  
deserved prosperity.

R. F. PETTIGREW.

THE Jamestown Capital, which doubt-  
less means to be fair, does not compre-  
hend the situation as to the legislative  
convention called by the Jamestown  
meeting. The apportionment is unjust  
and intended to be a reflection on Bur-  
leigh county, and intended to defeat any  
one of its citizens who might aspire to  
political preferment, by unfair means.

Burleigh county was not represented or  
invited to be present at the Jamestown  
meeting. Mr. Preston heard of it, and  
went to Jamestown with Harry Robin-  
son's proxy to act if met by a spirit of  
fairness, and was advised so to do by  
leading citizens of Burleigh county. He  
did not act. His Robinson proxy was not  
used, and Robinson revoked it when he  
issued a later one to Mr. Macnider. The  
TRIBUNE is certainly not inclined to be  
unreasonably but believes that the Bur-  
leigh county man who would sustain the  
action of that meeting in its reflection  
on this county would sell his birthright  
for a mess of pottage.

NOTWITHSTANDING his position, as  
shown by his frequent statements that he  
is not a candidate for congress, should  
the Black Hills go against Pettigrew,  
John B. Raymond will be tendered the  
nomination. North Dakota will to a  
man ask it, and either faction in south  
Dakota will consent to it rather than per-  
mit the opposing faction to win. Al-  
though a resident of North Dakota, he is  
capable of representing the entire terri-  
tory, and the Missouri slope would join  
with the Red river in advocating his  
election, and no republican in south Da-  
kota can find reason to oppose.

THE Jamestown Alert says: "The Man-  
dan Pioneer description of the recent con-  
vention held there to elect delegates to  
Grand Forks would not give a stranger  
the impression that brotherly love was  
the chief characteristic of that place. It  
was worse than the Fifth district con-  
vention in Minnesota, and when a body of  
North Dakota men lower themselves to  
that degree, they ought to be heartily  
ashamed of themselves. A double head-  
ed delegation will probably be the result."

WILL Bismarck allow Fargo to carry  
off the prize for the best exhibit of crops  
at the Minneapolis fair next month? No  
town on earth can if we fix up our build-  
ing on the grounds properly and take  
some of Burleigh county's products to the  
fair.

SOME time ago the TRIBUNE contained  
a little complimentary notice regarding

the Fargo Car Wheel and Iron Works.

The Fargo Argus copied it and gave the  
TRIBUNE due credit. The Deadwood  
Pioneer copied the same item, but failed  
to give the proper credit. Now the Ar-  
gus publishes the same article again, giv-  
ing the Deadwood Pioneer the credit  
Queer, if you understand it.

FRANK MEAD tells the Mandan Times  
man that the apportionment of delegates  
as decided upon at the Jamestown con-  
vention, which gives Morton county just as  
many as Burleigh, is just and fair. Bur-  
leigh county has three or four times the  
population of Morton county, and when  
a man says that the above apportionment  
is just, he simply lies; pure and unadul-  
terated.

ADVICES from southern Michigan indi-  
cate that the wheat of that region has suf-  
fered fearfully from the wet weather.  
Nearly all of it is grown. The sprouts on  
it are an inch long. North Dakota has  
no rain during harvest.

BARLEY this year is unusually plump,  
bright, very heavy and has been put in  
the stack without one drop of rain. The  
Missouri slope cannot be excelled for  
barley growing.

VAN DEUSEN, of the Troy farm, is get-  
ting his threshers ready for his barley.  
Threshing east of Jamestown is always  
two weeks earlier than in the Red river  
valley.

THE season has been a favorable one  
and Dakota is assured of a good crop of  
grain and politicians—the latter a little  
rusty, but the former No. 1 hard.

THE Duluth Tribune is a much better  
newspaper now than it has been hereto-  
fore. Wonder if the advent of the new  
Kludred organ had anything to do with  
it?

For the benefit of advertisers, the  
make-up of the TRIBUNE has been  
changed so that good live reading matter  
can be found on every page.

SINCE the city of St. Louis has gained  
some notoriety because of its eleven-year  
old mother, Chicago, does not look upon  
prostitution as crime.

PERRY BLIMONT, of New York, will  
spend his vacation in the Yellowstone  
country, in company with Senator B. y-  
ard, shooting buffalo.

It is believed that the government of  
the United States will still live, even if  
Dakota is broken up this fall, over the  
islature to be elected.

In attempting to be funny the Black  
Hills Pioneer makes an ass of itself.

THE New Orleans Picayune says Arabi Bey  
is an ex-connection of that city, who left  
there in 1863. Not long ago some distressed  
newspaper paragrapher started the story that  
Sitting Bull was a West Point graduate who  
had a grievance of some sort against the  
government and in the disguise of an Indian  
was setting up old scores. There is no tell-  
ing where this sort of thing will end.

THE fight on prohibition in Nebraska  
promises to be very hot this fall. Gov. St.  
John has just been re-nominated. The anti-  
prohibitionists have issued a call for a state  
convention to be held Sept. 11, in Omaha.

Among the signers of the call are led by  
business men, bankers, merchants and man-  
ufacturers, and every effort is to be made to  
defeat prohibition. At present a high in-  
cense law is in force and is working well.  
In towns in large cities pay \$1,000 per year,  
and in small towns \$500 is the price of in-  
cense.

THIS session of congress adjourned with  
probably fewer junketing committees to go  
about the country during the interim than  
for several congresses. Not a single com-  
mittee in the house has been authorized to  
sit during the recess for anything else than  
purely business purposes. The ways and  
means committee will hold special session  
in November to consider tariff legislation in  
anticipation of the report of the commission,  
in order that a bill may be presented to con-  
gress as soon as possible after the next ses-  
sion opens.

A LATE Washington special says: It is be-  
lieved in legal circles that it will take about  
a week yet to get a verdict in the star route  
cases. Some of the leading local lawyers  
who have watched the trial closely do not an-  
ticipate that the jury will find the defendants  
guilty, but rather that a verdict just the op-  
posite will be rendered. The evidence ad-  
duced by the government was surprisingly  
weak, but was materially strengthened by  
the testimony of some of the witnesses put  
on the stand by the defense. It is the gen-  
eral talk about the court room that the de-  
fense would have been stronger and the side  
of the government weaker if the former had  
allowed the case to go to the jury without  
calling any witnesses. The tilts between the  
opposing counsel have engendered a very bit-  
ter personal feeling between three or four of  
the lawyers employed, and if one of those  
employed by the government carries into ex-  
ecution privately uttered threats Colonel  
Robert Ingalls is going to get a good  
thrashing, and be knocked out of time in  
two rounds of three minutes without gloves.



# The Bismarck Tribune.

## AN EXPLANATION

### Regarding the Recent Reaper Trial at Bismarck.

EDITOR TRIBUNE:—As I have been quite busy since harvest commenced, attending to the introduction of the celebrated Walter A. Wood harvester in this county, in connection with Mr. Lawrence, the resident agent in your city, I have not had any time to call your attention to the article in your paper of the 9th, on the reaper trial, wherein I find several errors, which I presume would escape the notice of non-professionals, which I desire to correct.

In the first place, I protested against starting the Wood machine before the arrival of Mr. Lawrence, the agent, but Mr. Quinlan insisted on the trial going on at once, as delays were dangerous, Napoleon having lost Waterloo by a four hours' rain storm. Hence the machine commenced the contest, with Aaron Cheatum on the driver's seat. Owing to the hurry of Mr. Quinlan to begin the contest I had no opportunity to determine whether I set the knife perfectly true, so as to act without fault, and when half way around the cut I had to stop the machine to correct my error. Messrs. McLean & Macnider were somewhat opposed to my making the necessary correction. After setting the knife true, the Wood only missed eight bundles to the McCormick's twelve, which the judges consider a fair average. Mr. Sloan had no machine in the contest. Mr. Quinlan owned the contesting Wood machine, which has been running day and night ever since the trial, and has cut and bound over one hundred acres of the heaviest grain I have positively seen since the middle of May, when the Wood machine began this year's field trials. Mr. Quinlan's machine now makes several rounds frequently without missing a single bundle, as any person can see for himself by driving out one mile east of town. The McCormick machine was in splendid running order when the trial commenced, as it had been taken ten miles in the country and brought back for the contest. Hence its every part must have been in the best possible working order, while the Wood had worked one day and all night in heavy grain which was quite damp from dew.

L. N. Griffin and Agent Lawrence offered to bet \$125 that the Wood machine was the best of the two on the field. No takers.

Now, Mr. Editor, allow me to return my sincere thanks to the generous, kind-hearted citizens of Bismarck, of which some two hundred were present at the trial, for the considerate manner in which I was received by them, being an entire stranger to all on the field but two persons, and a thousand miles from home. Trusting that next season one hundred Wood machines may be needed to harvest grain in your glorious county, I am sir, respectfully yours, A. D. McNEER.

## Telegraphic Ticks.

Mr. Grambs, who accidentally shot himself in the knee, is getting on finely.

The school census will show \$67,000 as the present population of Chicago.

The czar of Russia has dispensed with an escort while driving and walking.

The official returns of the census of France shows the population to be 37,672,048.

Meyers & Short's circus is stranded at Louisville, Ky., with a load of attachments.

The president will be the guest of Hon. Alexander Mitchell, while in Milwaukee this fall.

The second annual reunion of the Ancient Order of United Workmen of western New York and northwestern Pennsylvania was held at Chautauque yesterday, with 7,000 present. Addresses were made in the tabernacle seating 6,000.

C. R. Cook, Chicago; Chas. Bentley, St. Paul; A. Schneider, Lewis, Del.; A. D. Cheuey, Charles City, Ia.; C. A. and John Wagner, Fargo; G. N. Fitch and J. A. Adrian, Indiana; Joseph and Miss Jessie Elliott, Toronto, are at the Sheridan.

Herrn, Bebel, Liebknecht and Hosenfelder, socialists, were condemned by the Leipzig court to two months' imprisonment for excessive abuse and insult to the federal council. Liebknecht and Hosenfelder are members of the German reichstag.

The establishment of Theodore B. Smith & Son, machinists and boiler makers, at the foot of Essex street, Jersey City, N. J., burned. Loss \$35,000. Insured. Volting Gratzkoltz, a workman, while enveloped in the flames, fell through a hatchway and was fatally injured.

## Soldier Homesteads.

James A. Emmons is authorized to pay \$2.75 per acre for soldiers' additional homesteads—or fifteen dollars per claim of eighty acres higher than any other buyer will pay.

## Local News.

Very little sickness in Bismarck.

J. D. Wakeman has just purchased a new breech-loading shotgun. It's a daisy.

Vennor still adheres to the belief that there will be snow somewhere in the northwest during the latter part of this month.

The Burleigh county fair will be held on the 29th and 30th of September instead of the 15th and 16th, as heretofore announced.

For six months there has not been a roll of wall paper for sale in Bismarck, a city of over 3,000 people. Here's an opening for some young man looking for business.

James A. McDonald is building a neat little residence in the east part of the city. It is not yet known what he will do with it, but very likely he will catch on to a fair damsel and occupy the aforesaid residence.

The weekly Bismarck TRIBUNE is taken by nine out of ten of the farmers of Burleigh

county, has a good circulation at all north-western military posts and Indian agencies, is more generally circulated in the eastern states than any other paper in Dakota, and therefore is a valuable advertising medium.

Mr. Walker, the crack marksman of the Arcade gardens, offers as a prize to anyone making three consecutive bulls eyes on his target and with his rifle, a handsome silver drinking cup, with the name of the winner engraved thereon, as well as a statement as to how it was won. Everyone can try it as no entrance fee is charged. Go and shoot.

Dr. Bigelow returned from his business trip to St. Paul, accompanied by Mr. J. K. Vetherby, who has been absent several weeks.

Mr. A. C. Logan, brother of Austin Logan, this city, and formerly connected with the schools of Bismarck, is now deputy school superintendent of Custer county, Montana, at Miles City.

Mr. Germain H. Mason, attorney for the Michigan Central Railroad company is in the city and will catch on to some land. It will be remembered that Mr. Mason was here last year and was very much impressed with the country. His first impressions are lasting.

## THE MARKETS.

### BY TELEGRAPH.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 11.—Flour, dull and unchanged. Wheat, quiet and steady; No. 2 hard, nominal; No. 2, 1.15; August 1.02; September, 98¢; October, 98¢; No. 3, 55¢; No. 2, 78¢; No. 2 white, 76¢.

CHICAGO, Aug. 11.—Flour, dull and unchanged. Wheat—in fair demand at lower rates for regular; August, 1.00@1.00½; September, 97¢@98¢; October, 97¢@97½; year, 96½¢; No. 2 red winter, 1.01½ cash; August, 1.01; September, 1.00; No. 2 Chicago spring, nominal.

Cattle—receipts, 4,000; shipments, 3,100; exports, 7.25@8.00; good to choice shipping, 6.50@7.00; common to fair, 4.50@6.00; butchers, 2.60@4.65; range, 10 and 15c higher; Texans, 3.95@5.00.

### LOCAL MARKETS.

Granulated Sugar, 8½ lbs for \$1 00  
A sugar, 9 lbs for 1 00  
C sugar, 10 lbs for 1 00  
Rio Coffee, 6 lbs for 1 00  
Japan Tea, 3 lbs for 1 00  
Kirk's Soap, 16 bars for 1 00  
Royal Baking Powder, 40 lbs for 1 00  
Best Family Flour, 40 lbs for 1 00  
Potatoes, per bushel, 1 00  
Best Butter, per lb, 30  
Eggs, per doz, 25  
Fall Cream Cheese, 20

### WHOLESALE.

Corn meal, per cwt., \$2 50  
Oats, per bu., 80  
Potatoes, per bu., 90  
Onions, per box, 9 00  
Lemons, per box, 6 50  
Granulated sugar, 11½ cts per lb  
Powdered " 12 " "  
A " 10 " "  
C " 9 " "  
Mocha Coffee, 30 " "  
Java " 28 " "  
Rio " 16 " "  
English Breakfast Tea, 40 " "  
Young Hyson " 35 " "  
Gun Powder " 30 " "  
Japan " 30 " "  
Flour, \$4.00 per sack  
Eggs, 20 cts per doz  
[Quotations made by T. W. Griffin, City Market]

### MEATS.

Sirloin and porter-house, 18c  
Rib Roasts, 15c  
Chuck Roasts, 12½c  
Mutton chops, 14c  
Fore-quarters, 11c  
Round steak, 11c  
Shoulder, 13c  
Veal cutlets, 15c  
Pork Chop, 15c  
Pork Roasts, 15c  
Ham, 20c  
Brest Cast Bacon, 20c  
Shoulders, 10c  
Corn Beef, 10c  
Sausage, 10c  
Lard in Jars, 20c  
Lard per pound, 20c  
Lard in kegs, 16c

### CANNED GOODS.

Corn, 3-lb, tomatoes, oysters, salmon, 20c; raspberries, strawberries, blackberries, 20¢@25¢; string beans, lima beans, green peas, peaches 25¢@30¢; blueberries, gooseberries, tomatoes, red cherries—in 3-lb cans, 20c, or five cans for \$1.00

### THE LUMBER MARKET.

Common boards, 28 00  
Common dimension, 22 ft., 28 00  
Common dimension, 24 ft., 30 00  
Common dimension, 26 ft., 35 00  
Common dimension, 28 ft., 35 00  
First flooring, 4, 5 and 6 inch, 12 to 20 ft., 30 00  
A stock, 8, 10 and 12 inch, 55 00  
B stock, 8, 10 and 12 inch, 50 00  
C stock, 8, 10 and 12 inch, 40 00  
D stock, 8, 10 and 12 inch, 30 00  
First flooring, 4, 5 and 6 inch, dressed, 45 00  
Second flooring, 4, 5 and 6 inch, dressed, 40 00  
Third flooring, 4, 5 and 6 inch, dressed, 35 00  
Fourth flooring, etc., 32 00  
Fencing flooring, 4, 5 and 6 inch, dressed, 32 00  
Ceiling same as flooring same grade.  
Drop siding same as flooring same grade.  
Ship lap same as flooring same grade.  
Siding, 28 00  
First clear, 1, 1½, 1½ and 2 inch, 60 00  
Second clear, 1, 1½, 1½ and 2 inch, 55 00  
Third clear, 1, 1½, 1½ and 2 inch, 45 00  
2x4, 2x6 and 2x8 assorted, 40 00  
XX shingles, per M, 5 50  
X shingles, per M, 4 50  
No. 1 shingles, per M, 3 00  
Lath, per M, 5 00  
½ ceiling, 28 00  
Split fencing, 20 00  
Lime, Marbledhead, 2 30  
Lime, native, 1 60  
Calcined plaster, 5 00  
Cement, Harrisville, 5 00  
Cement, Portland, 8 75  
Brick, per M, 10 50

### THE FUEL MARKET.

Grate and Egg, \$14.50 per ton  
Stove and Nut, 14.25 " "  
Pittsburg, 14.00 " "  
Blacksmith, 14.50 " "

## Cheap Cash Store.

I have always a lot of choice creamery jar and print butter, and fresh eggs on hand.

Here is the place and now is the time to buy your cheap looking-glasses, crockeryware, stoneware, flower pots and fruit jars at slaughtering prices.

A well-assorted and selected stock of the best groceries to be had always on hand.

I shall now carry a good lot of seamless sacks and burlaps for farmers' use.

Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge.

Wm. Glitschka.

# INSURANCE FIRE AND MARINE

## In the Following Companies:

Springfield - \$1,361,948 00  
Western, Toronto - 1,150,542 00  
Firemen's Fund - 811,673 00  
Star of New York - 608,803 00  
3 - Paul Fire and Marine 558,483 00  
American Central - 550,296 00

\$5,042,045 00

G. H. FAIRCHILD, Agent.

## WOODS' CORD BINDERS

—AND—

## MOWERS.

For sale by S. B. Lawrence. All machines warranted to work well. Will sell for as little money as any first-class machine. A general stock of repairs on hand. Farmers instructed so that they can operate the machines without difficulty.

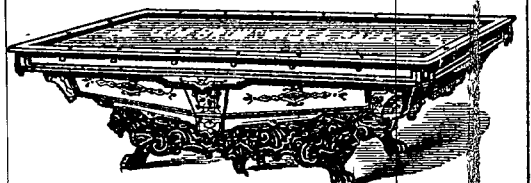
Office at residence,

Cor. Fifth and C St.

IF YOU WANT TO  
Enjoy an Evening  
OR A  
LEISURE MOMENT

Drop in and See

M. L. Marsh,  
NO. 64 MAIN ST.



Fine Billiard, Pool, and  
Card Tables, Everything  
Neat, and First-class.

Best liquors and Cigars and Ph. Best's

Milwaukee Lager Beer on tap.

This place is the headquarters for Missouri river steamboat men, and you can always find your friend here some time during the night or day.

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Mattresses, Ticks and Pillows, Picture Frames, Mouldings, Mirrors, Glass, Brackets, Curtains, Poles, and Cornices. Special bargains in

SEWING MACHINES.

J. C. CADY,

Third St., BISMARCK, D. T.

## C. S. WEAVER & CO.

Manufacturers and Dealers in

LUMBER, DOORS.

Windows, Paper Nails, Paints, Lime, Cement, Plaster and Hair. Office Third street, in rear of Postoffice.

## 47th

Popular Monthly Drawing of the

COMMONWEALTH  
DISTRIBUTION CO.

In the City of Louisville, on

Thursday, Aug. 31, 1882.

These drawings occur monthly [Sundays excepted] under provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of Kentucky.

The United States Circuit Court on March 31st entered the following decisions:

1st—That the Commonwealth Distribution Company is legal.  
2d—Its drawings are not fraudulent.  
The Company has now on hand a large reserve fund. Read the list of prizes for the

## AUGUST DRAWING.

1 Prize, \$30,000 100 Prizes \$100 ea \$10,000  
1 Prize, 10,000 200 Prizes 25 ea 5,000  
1 Prize, 5,000 600 Prizes 20 ea 2,000  
10 Prizes \$1,000 ea 10,000 1,000 Prizes 10 ea 2,000  
20 Prizes 500 ea 10,000  
9 Prizes \$300 ea, Approximation Prizes, \$2,700  
9 Prizes 200 ea, " 1,800  
8 Prizes 100 ea, " 800

1,960 Prizes, \$122,400  
Whole Tickets, \$2. Half Tickets, \$1.  
27 Tickets, \$50. 55 Tickets, \$100.

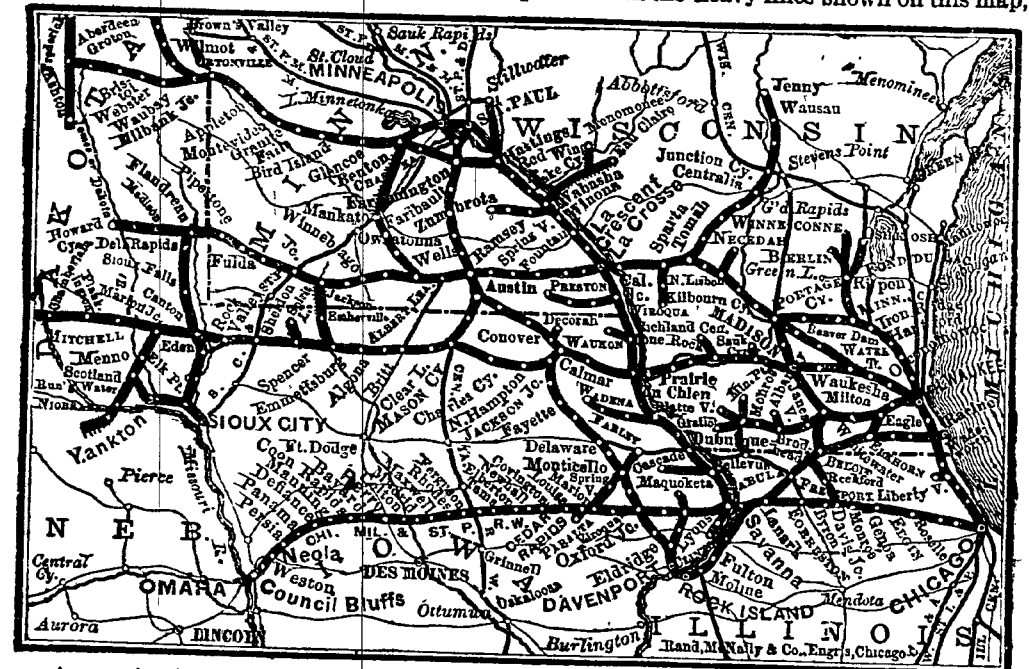
Remit Money or Bank Draft in Letter, or send by Express. DON'T SEND BY REGISTERED LETTER OR POSTOFFICE ORDER. Orders of \$5 and upwards, by Express, can be sent at our expense. Address all orders to R. M. Boardman, Courier Journal Building, Louisville, Ky., or R. M. Boardman, 309 Broadway, New York.

## THE PEOPLE'S ROUTE THROUGH THE GOLDEN NORTH- WEST IS THE

# Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway.

## ITS 4,500 MILES OF FIRST-CLASS RAILROAD

Include Through Routes between the terminal points of all the heavy lines shown on this map.



An examination of which, and reference to the latest Atlas of the country, will show that this is

The Business Men's, Tourists' and Health-Seekers' Bonanza, As it is the DIRECT, and, in most cases, the ONLY ROUTE to the great and leading BUSINESS CENTERS, HEALTH AND PLEASURE RESORTS OF

NORTHERN ILLINOIS, all WISCONSIN, IOWA, MINNESOTA and DAKOTA. Consult the leading Railway Guides and Map-Folder Time Tables of this Road, and learn the leaving and arriving time of the Magnificent Trains of

PALATIAL SLEEPING AND DRAWING-ROOM CARS

SUMPTUOUS COACHES AND SMOKING CARS.

At every considerable point in the territory named, then get tickets reading over the "CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL RAILWAY," and be sure no other name is given therein—and you will have the privilege of enjoying the excellence of the BEST CARRIAGES, the BEST HOTELS and DINING-HALLS, and the BEST SERVICE in every particular to be found in the world.

CHICAGO, ILL.—The Grand New Union Passenger Station, on the old site, Canal, Madison and Adams Streets, W. S. THORN, Depot Ticket Agent, Freight Depot, corner Union and Carroll Streets. City Offices, 61 and 63 Clark Street, Palmer House and Grand Pacific Hotel. T. E. CHANDLER, Passenger Agent  
MILWAUKEE, WIS.—Depot, corner Read and South Water Streets. City Office, 408 East Water Street, corner Wisconsin Street. A. M. ROBERTSON, Ticket Agent.  
ST. PAUL, MINN.—Union Ticket Office, 155 East Third Street, opposite Merchant's Hotel. CHARLES THOMPSON and CHARLES H. PETERSON, Ticket Agents. Union Depot, foot of Sibley Street. HERMAN BROWN and GEORGE H. KNEBEL, Ticket Agents. J. A. CHANDLER, General Agent, 162 East Third Street.  
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.—Ticket Office at Passenger Depot, cor. Washington and Third Aves. South. A. B. CHAMBERLIN, Depot Ticket Agent, and No. 7 Nicollet House. G. L. SCOTT, City Ticket Agent.

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ELEGANT BEDROOM SETS, DINING ROOM AND OFFICE CHAIRS, FEATHERS, PILLOWS, CORNICES, CURTAIN POLES, PICTURES FRAMES, UNDERTAKING WITH HEARSE, METALLIC CASKETS, COFFINS, ETC. LATEST IMPROVED SEWING MACHINE A SPECIALTY.

Main St., Nearly Opposite Sheridan House.



## SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS

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GENERAL CONSTRUCTION.

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Will erect all classes of buildings for cash or on easy monthly payments. Time given on dwelling lots. C. S. WEAVER, Pres. T. B. CONOVER, Sec'y.

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## LEAD ALL OTHERS!

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Always Reliable.

POPULAR EVERYWHERE.

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For sale by O. H. Beal, Bismarck, D. T. vol 9-33 y 10w

## City Stables,

East Main Street,

CONN MOLLOY, PROPRIETOR.

Have the finest rigs in the city. Buggies, saddle horses, etc. Good accommodations for driving wagons.

## EXCHANGE.

I have always on hand a large amount of live eastern property, both city and country, to exchange for good lands in Dakota. JAMES W. CLARK, Syracuse, N. Y.

44-44

## Garden Sedes!

Nursery Trees Catalogues Free



Flower Seeds!

WYMAN ELLIOTT,

348 City Market, Minneapolis, Minn.

ALYON & HEALY

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Will send prepaid to any address their BAND CATALOGUE for 1882, 200 pages, 310 Engravings of Instruments, Suits, Caps, Belts, Pompadour, Epaulettes, Cap-Lamps, Stands, Drum Major's Stuffs, and State, Sundry Band Outfits, Repairing Materials, also includes Instruction and Exercises for Amateur Bands, and a Catalogue of Choice Band Music.



BY LOUNSBERRY & JEWELL.

THE DAILY TRIBUNE.  
Published every morning, except Monday, at Bismarck, Dakota, is delivered by carrier to all parts of the city at twenty-five cents per week, or \$1 per month.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.  
One month, postage paid.....\$ 1.00  
Three months, postage paid.....3.00  
Six months, postage paid.....5.00  
One year, postage paid.....10.00

THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE.  
Eight pages, containing a summary of the news of the week, both foreign and local, published every Friday, sent, postage paid, to any address for \$2.50.

# THE HARVEST.

Why do the valleys laugh and the high hills skip for joy?

Why do the people rejoice and praise Him from whom all blessings flow?

Because the most high hath favored the land with bountiful crops.

Because the hail and the devouring insects came not and the rain fell in refreshing showers.

Because the people realize that the God of Israel hath made the grass to grow.

And protected the growing grain until now, when the reapers' work is almost done.

Because He hath led those who had faith in His promise of seed time and harvest into abundant prosperity.

And hath made their hearts swell with pride for their chosen land and with gratitude to Him.

Last Sabbath, although in mid-harvest, was almost universally respected. The animals were resting in the stables or quietly feeding on the prairies, and the machines were standing idle in the grain fields. There is a feeling, and it seems to have taken possession of almost every heart, that God has done wondrous things for this country this year and that to Him belongs the praise.

The thrifty farmer did not wait until his wheat was dead ripe, but when the grain was out of the milk and well into the dough he commenced his harvest. Many are entirely through and stacking his crop, and in one instance at least a part of the crop has been threshed.

Mr. Van Etten's wheat was all cut last week. Col. Lounsberry's was finished yesterday. Mr. Quinlan gets through today. John Boyle, Lovett Gill, A. W. Cunnerton and J. H. Marshall, in the same neighborhood, have their grain in the stack. The Hayes farm has cut 200 acres and has 300 acres yet to harvest. The Clark farm has cut 700 acres and has 300 acres yet to harvest. W. H. Thurston has cut 300 acres and has 400 acres yet to cut. John Satterland has cut 300 acres.

The grain has reached maturity without the slightest injury from rain, or hail, or rust, or insects, and during the harvest there has been no rain excepting a light shower Saturday night. The berry is unusually bright and heavy, and the wheat throughout Burleigh county will average from twenty-five to thirty bushels per acre, and the oats from fifty to seventy-five bushels per acre. The grain is all number one. There will not be a field in the county that will not be so rated, whether wheat, oats or barley.

Saturday, R. B. Mason threshed two small loads of oats in order to get grain to feed, selecting the poorest part of his field, because on a high point, where it was ripe and dryer than on other portions. From the two loads of sheaves the yield was 87½ bushels, and they were not intended to be and were not large loads. J. H. McBride had a small plot of ground—less than half an acre—that he sowed to oats. The machine being near him, he threw the whole lot on a wagon and threshed, the yield being thirty-two bushels. He did not expect it to exceed fifteen. In fifty minutes, including two stops, once to adjust a belt and once to fix something about the harness on one of the horses, 109 bushels were threshed—over two bushels per minute. The wheat will weigh from sixty to sixty-six pounds per bushel, fifty-eight being the standard, and the oats forty pounds or more, the standard being thirty-two. Now is proven the oft repeated statement of the TRIBUNE that the Missouri slope lands not only produce the most bushels per acre, but more pounds to the bushel, and grain of a brighter, plumper, and in every respect better quality than the lands of any other region of the North Pacific country.

At Dickinson there were 200 acres in crop this year, owned by Hon. W. S. Dickinson, of Malone, New York. It stands thickly, from three and one-half to four feet in height, and is well filled. The oats will yield not less than sixty bushels per acre and the wheat not less than thirty. About forty acres had been cut on Saturday. Mr. Dickinson has

added 240 acres of breaking for cultivation next year. Davis Brothers broke 600 acres on their farm of 1,500, and Chas. S. Burke 250 acres on his farm of 250 acres. G. Seaman broke sixty acres and many others from five to fifteen acres each.

On the Steele farm, about forty-three miles east of Bismarck, 700 acres of barley have been cut, and the machines will be at work in oats in a few days. Mr. Steele has 700 acres of wheat that will not be ready to cut for a week or ten days, and it is so heavy that he fears his machines can scarcely handle it. The heads are of monstrous length, and the straw averages about four feet in length. It will yield over thirty bushels to the acre, and his barley will certainly yield over fifty.

George Glass has about forty acres of his crop harvested, and yesterday his McCormick was working in a piece of oats so heavy that the swath had to be narrowed by one-half.

# THE RAINFALL.

There are those who insist that we have superior crops on the Missouri slope this year because this has been an exceptionally wet season. This is not true. The rainfall has been less than the average since 1875, excepting for July.

Last year was exceptionally dry, and the year previous unusually so. These two years are fresh in the memory of all, but the exceedingly favorable years before that passed unnoticed because so few were interested in agricultural pursuits.

The value of the soil is now proven, however, beyond a question, and it only remains to silence croaking by a publication of facts. They prove that the rainfall is and has been sufficient. That it was sufficient in 1879, 1880 and 1882, is conceded. All of these years, however, were below the average, and therefore were not exceptionally favorable.

Since the United States signal office was established in Bismarck in 1875, the record of rainfall for the months of March, April, May and June has been as follows:

YEAR.	INCHES.
1875.....	14.70
1876.....	13.02
1877.....	10.84
1878.....	13.10
1879.....	11.22
1880.....	9.45
1881.....	7.85
1882.....	11.28

An average of 11.51 inches—this year having been less than the average. The rainfall for July has been as follows:

YEAR.	INCHES.
1875.....	1.54
1876.....	1.46
1877.....	2.52
1878.....	1.17
1879.....	4.27
1880.....	2.02
1881.....	1.28
1882.....	4.31

An average of two and one-third inches. This year the July rainfall has been unusually large, but it was not essential to the successful production of the crop. So far in August there has been but twelve one-hundredths of an inch, giving a dry harvest, and the grain is being put in the stack or granary in perfect condition.

The rainfall for June, during these years, and on the rainfall of this month depends the success of the crops, has been as follows:

YEAR.	INCHES.
1875.....	5.02
1876.....	1.24
1877.....	4.60
1878.....	2.78
1879.....	4.97
1880.....	2.35
1881.....	4.11
1882.....	3.88

An average of 3.92 inches this year being less than the average.

The total rainfall for the past years has been as follows:

YEAR.	INCHES.
1875.....	27.52
1876.....	30.90
1877.....	18.68
1878.....	20.23
1879.....	22.61
1880.....	19.75
1881.....	17.16

The winters are singularly free from storms. There is no rain in winter, and but little snow. Last winter, for instance, so stormy and disagreeable east and south, there was but one cloudy day in December, three in January and three in February. The snowfall, melted and measured as rain, for the months of December, January and February, has been as follows:

YEAR.	INCHES.
1875.....	3.08
1876.....	3.10
1877.....	2.52
1878.....	1.84
1879.....	2.25
1880.....	1.53
1881.....	2.64

An average for these three winter months of 2.29 inches—less than the ordinary fall during a single storm of snow or rain in the Eastern, Atlantic, Gulf and Middle states. During December, 1881,

and January and February, 1882, there were, as shown above, but seven cloudy days, and during that time the total snowfall (melted and measured as rain) was but seventy-three one-hundredths of an inch—not moisture enough to get up very much, unpleasant weather, no matter what effort might have been made to do it.

The first crop was raised in this county in 1879, consisting of wheat and oats. The record of rainfall shows that for the four years preceding 1879 the rainfall for the months of March, April, May and June averaged 12.91 inches—one and sixty-three one-hundredths inches more than for the same time this year. These were excellent seasons, far more favorable for crops than even this year, but no one was farming, and therefore no results were obtained, and the croakers were left free to say that the country did not produce because it was worthless. They alleged lack of rainfall and every possible disadvantage, and there were none who could point to results and prove their statements false. In 1879 and 1880, when McLean & Macnider grew such immense crops of oats on the Stark farm, it was said those were exceptional seasons. In 1881, although the driest season of which we then had any record, they again alleged an exceptional season, and this season is regarded as exceptionally favorable, although the record proves the rainfall to be less than the average.

These is much of interest in these figures, and it would be well to cut them out and put them where they can be readily reached and referred to should any question arise as to the amount of rainfall.

A PIONEER PRESS reporter has interviewed Mr. Carlton C. Holland, the most expert wheat inspector in the world, who has just returned from a tour of inspection in Minnesota and Dakota. He says that unless a period of long, drenching rains should set in, which would delay harvest and ruin grain after it was cut, one of the best crops of wheat in quality ever raised will reward the grain growers of Minnesota and Dakota this year—something so entirely improbable now that it may as well be said that the magnificent crop is already assured. He thinks that at least sixty per cent. of the wheat crop will grade No. 1. As a suggestion to farmers Mr. Holland said: "A majority of growers do not fully appreciate the importance of cleaning their wheat well. I have, perhaps thousands of times, been obliged to put the grade of wheat way down because it was foul when the berry itself was good and sound. If the present crop is well cleaned and properly stored it will, when it reaches the great markets, make a reputation for Minnesota and Dakota for all time to come. So far as I have examined, the berry this season is particularly sound and good, and the weather is working along to perfect ripening. Much of the wheat, especially from the far west (Dakota), will be remarkably heavy, and a measured bushel will make the common standard sick. The whole country is to be congratulated upon the quality of the wheat which is now ready for the harvest in the great northwest."

THE TRIBUNE has repeatedly stated that next to Mr. Pettigrew there is not a man in the whole of Dakota so suitable for delegate as John B. Raymond. In fact he is the only North Dakota man that would stand any show of being elected, and that gentleman has repeatedly stated that he would not become a candidate. The Fargo Republican, however, thinks he will consent, and says: "It has been stated that Hon. John B. Raymond declares positively that he is not a candidate for delegate to congress, and still further, that he will not be." As the Republican understands it, Mr. Raymond is strongly in favor of a North Dakota man for delegate, and believes that the delegates from the northern counties ought to, and will, unite in selecting a candidate to be presented to the Grand Forks convention. While Mr. Raymond is not a candidate in the ordinary, modern acceptance of the term, and has no desire to leave his extensive business to enter political life, the Republican has very good reason to believe, and is sure that Mr. Raymond will not disregard the will of the people, and that if the people of North Dakota shall desire to place their standard in his hands he will forego his personal feelings and interests and consent to serve them, as is the duty of every good citizen. In other words, the Republican feels assured that Mr. Raymond would not feel at liberty to decline the nomination if the people of North Dakota select him and the convention shall ratify their choice. But, whoever

the man shall be, whether Mr. Raymond or any other of the many good men in the ranks, it is plainly the will of the people that the delegates to the Grand Forks convention shall unite upon some one man and stick to their choice as long as there is any possible hope of success."

SENATOR BENJAMIN HARVEY HILL, who died at his home in Atlanta, Ga., Wednesday, was born in Jasper county, Georgia, September 14, 1823. He graduated with honors from the University of Georgia, in 1844, studied law, was admitted to the bar, and began practicing at La Grange in 1845. During this year he married Caroline Holt, daughter of a prominent lawyer of Athens, Georgia. In 1851 he was elected to the state legislature. In 1856 he was chosen as an elector at large by the American, or knownothing party, although he was not in full sympathy with the party. In 1859 he was elected to the state senate, as a union man. In 1860 his name was on the Bell and Everett electoral ticket, and in 1861 a member of the secession convention and also of the first confederate congress of the same year. He remained in the house and senate of the confederacy until the close of the war, when he was arrested and confined in Fort Lafayette, and finally released on parole. For the succeeding ten years he was not in office, but being in political matters in his state. He was elected a representative in the forty-fourth congress, and took his seat in 1875. He was re-elected to the forty-fifth congress, but resigned to enter the senate in 1877. In 1855 he was defeated as American candidate for congress by H. Warner, democratic. In 1857 he was defeated for Governor, also on the American ticket.

The republican primaries will be held on Saturday evening. Let every republican take an interest and do his part toward securing a strong delegation; one that will be a credit to the county. Bismarck in the near future has so much at stake that every man ought to take pride in sending a delegation of representative men. Not those who have personal battles to fight or soiled linen to air, but men who will stand for the honor of Burleigh county, and who will abide the instructions given them by the convention giving them their authority. Let not down with this man or that be the battle cry, but up with Burleigh county and Dakota.

THE Army and Navy Register says that Minister Sargent sends from Berlin a full account of the treason of a German officer, a chief helmsman, named Leopold Meilung, who has sold to the Russian government, for 150,000 roubles, plans and papers showing the German system of coast defense, the Baltic forts, and the torpedo system. Meilung had formerly lived in St. Petersburg, and was detected through his profuse habits of living. The Berlin Tagblatt states that the plans of the projected fortifications at Pollau, Danzig and Kijland have probably been disclosed, and the Russians have obtained full information of the German signal system. There is great consternation in Berlin, as the Russians, if they were now to declare war, would reap inestimable advantages from the possession of this information.

The call for the republican county convention is published this morning. The committee have evidently tried to make a fair and just apportionment, although one delegate should have been added to the representation of Washburn, and two to each of the wards in Bismarck. There is no reason for complaint, however. It is to be hoped now that the convention will act with like fairness and discretion, and that ten representative republicans will be chosen to represent this county at Grand Forks, who will care more for the fortunes of any particular individual. Let the selection of delegates to this convention be an honor to Burleigh county.

Work is progressing rapidly on the Jamestown and Mouse River railroad. The Jamestown Capital says: "Charles Hutchinson, superintendent for Walker & Bly, railroad contractors, having in hand the grading of the Jamestown and Mouse River railroad, received a dispatch this week from headquarters, ordering him to continue grading for twenty miles beyond Newport, and he will at once move the supply store up the line about forty miles and prosecute the work of grading as fast as possible."

THE Lawrence county primaries all went for Pettigrew excepting Deadwood. This gives him thirty votes from that county alone. Of the delegates elect, so far twelve are for Lamoure; forty-five for Hand and seventy seven for Pettigrew,

not counting Bon Homme and Morton counties. One hundred and seventy-two are necessary for a choice.

THERE is evidently a disposition to prevent a repetition of the disgraceful scenes enacted on our streets Saturday night and Sunday. The article copied elsewhere from a Jamestown paper gives some idea of the way the matter is given to the world. It is high time for those who care for the reputation of the city to do all that they as individuals can do to protect its good name.

THE Yellowstone excursion that was advertised to leave Fargo next Tuesday, has been postponed till at least Sept. 6. It is to be hoped that the party may be induced to stop at Bismarck long enough to be driven about the town and far enough into the country to satisfy them that they have had mistaken ideas about this section.

ONE thousand miles of road a month has been the record of railroad construction in the United States for this year. This indicates plenty of money, and the good crops of this year insure no financial crisis for several years.

THE North Pacific will send its exhibit at the Minneapolis fair to Chicago and other eastern cities. It therefore behooves Burleigh county to do herself proud in the quality of products she sends to the fair. This she will do.

G. K. BARNES has arranged for another grand excursion over the North Pacific for September 9th. The fare from St. Paul and return is only \$45, including berth in sleeper.

It is rumored that Secretary Folger will resign his position so as to become governor of New York, and that Conkling will fill the vacancy.

A SPECIAL to the Pioneer Press from Deadwood, dated the 12th, says that Lawrence county will instruct its delegates against Pettigrew.

TRAIL county's twelve delegates have been instructed for Pettigrew.

A NEWSPAPER writer, speaking of Col. Bob Ingersoll's family at Long Branch, says: "They bathe together in front of the cottage every morning, and at his seven or eight young girls accompany Mr. Ingersoll to or from the train, passing the hotel front, they are pleasantly spoken of as 'Ingersoll's Sunday school procession.' The family never fails to be at the depot when he arrives or departs. Said one of the hotel guests recently, 'it is the happiest family I ever saw, except the Beechers.'"

MAJOR McCORMACK, of Grand Forks, is charged by Mrs. Sophia A. Strong, his mother-in-law, with defrauding her out of property valued at \$100,000. She entrusted McCORMACK with the sale of her property situated in the most valuable part of town. She was in the habit of sending him at his request without understanding their purpose. In this way McCORMACK obtained her signature to the deed which has deprived her of her estate. Mrs. Strong is a highly respected lady, and has the sympathy of the Grand Forkers to the full extent.

MINNEAPOLIS, June 14. A claim that quite a strong presence is being privately brought to bear upon Col. P. Donan, of Fargo, to permit his name to be announced as a candidate for delegate to congress from Dakota. Should Col. Donan consent to the use of his name, he would at once become a prominent candidate, as the live men of the territory would rally around him, regardless of politics, well knowing that a man of the colonel's ability and address would do more to help along the Dakota boom than a dozen of the average politicians could do. Col. Donan is more widely known than any other man in Dakota. His universal acquaintance with the men who control affairs at Washington, and his undefinable energy would work wonders. Besides, the people of Dakota owe a debt of gratitude to Col. Donan, as he has done so much effective work in advertising the territory and bringing its advantages to public attention. He has never been mixed up in any rings orascalities. His record is clear and his standing as a gentleman of parts and graces is conceded throughout the United States.

ADVISED from Washington state that the work of preparing the skeleton of the assassin Giteau will probably be completed and the object placed on exhibition in the army medical museum by the 1st of next month. The delay has been caused by the fact that but one person could be trusted to perform the duty, as the demand for ghastly souvenirs tempted the other workmen to make way with every portion they could lay their hands on. The stories about the remains having been exposed upon the roof of the museum are denied by the officials in charge, and a press correspondent was recently shown the spectacle of what remains of Charles Jules Giteau. On a small platform erected outside of one of the second story back windows, the bones lie in a promiscuous pile, bleaching in the sun, and where it is stated they have been for the past five weeks. They are as white as ivory and not a joint is missing, so that when the process of articulation is finished the skeleton will be one of the most perfect in the collection. Great care will be taken, however, to prevent curiosity hunters from stealing away the smaller bones, and it is probable that a strong glass case will intervene between the public and the skeleton.







## Further Indian Troubles.

TUCSON, A. T., Aug. 11.—Prof. H. B. Clifford has just returned from Ures, Sonora, where he examined mines for an eastern syndicate. On the afternoon of the 5th he, with James Walton, of El Paso, were attacked by a band of Apaches thirty miles southeast of Sonora. Walton was wounded in the left shoulder and Clifford received a wound in the right side. Clifford saved Walton from falling into the hands of the Apaches by holding him on his horse. He states that that section of Sonora is swarming with Apaches.

TUCSON, A. T., Aug. 11.—The Star's Mexican advisers of the 8th, from Hermosillo, Sonora, says parties just arrived from Ures report that Apache depredations in that section are most fearful. There are over 200 warriors in the Mazatlan mountains near Ures, and they make daily raids in the valleys, in small bodies, burning crops and houses and murdering inhabitants. During the past twelve days forty-five persons have been murdered within a radius of twenty-five miles from Ures. Lazaro Vehnicia, a wealthy citizen of Ures, and two prominent government officials, are among the murdered. Last week they attacked range Viejo. The fight lasted four hours. Four ranchers were killed, and the remainder wounded. Nine Apaches were left on the field. The approach of a body of Mexican troops caused them to retreat. Apaches from San Carlos agencies are all armed with Winchester rifles, and use cartridges stamped "U. S." The Mexicans are poorly armed with muzzle-loaders. The country is terrorized, business paralyzed, and settlers are fleeing from their ranches to Ures. All the Mexican troops have been concentrated against them.

## The Detroit Regatta.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 11.—The weather today has been splendid, and as a consequence the races on this last day of the Northwest-ern regatta has taken place with far greater promptness than on previous days. Three thousand spectators were in attendance. The first race was for junior fairs, between the Chatham, Pullman, Wahwahlaesee and Centennial crews. The Wahwahlaesee got the lead in the first half mile, pulling 48 to the minute, the Centennials the same, the Pullman and Chatham each 45 strokes. The Wahwahlaesee held their lead to the end, winning in 13:54. The Centennials and Pullmans had a hard struggle on the first three quarters of the distance for second place. The Centennials then gradually drew away and came in three lengths ahead. The second heat, junior fours, was contested by the Undines, Goguaes, and Detroit. This race was an elegant one, and throughout very spirited. The Detroit finally won by a length in 14:10; the Goguaes second, 14:10.4. The Undines didn't finish. The next race was the final heat in the senior sculls, between Kirby of Providence, Buckley of Portland, and Stone of Wyandotte. Stone quit in the first twenty rods and paddled back, claiming that Buckley had fouled him. Kirby led all the way and was not crowded in the least, making the race rather tame. Time 14:35; Buckley 14:45.

## Fighting Miners.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Aug. 11.—Another skirmish occurred this morning at Camp Hill mines. A gang of about fifty strikers, accompanied by an equal number of outsiders, came upon the ground and by their violent demonstrations prevented several of the non-unionists from getting to the pits for work. Their ringleader was a man named Davies, for whom the sheriff's deputies are now on the lookout. The operators have found it necessary to keep a number of officers stationed around the pit mouths to prevent the disorderly element from forcing an entrance to the mines. The superintendents of the Oak Ridge and National companies, have been at Richmond for several days past, engaging miners to work in their mines. They returned yesterday with fifty diggers and put them to work at once. Nine union men also broke away from their organizations and resumed operations at the same time. So far, no trouble has been reported at the mines, and the two superintendents who are there, report all quiet.

## A Sickening Tragedy.

LITTLE ROCK, Aug. 11.—Information is received of a murder and suicide in Clay county. Near Maline yesterday a farmer named Neal Harris took a pistol and a double-barreled shotgun, and calling his little son, went to the woods, ostensibly to hunt squirrels. His wife prevented a little girl from following, and, fearing wrong, she started after Harris. She saw him place the muzzle of the gun against the boy's breast and saw him fire, killing him. He then pointed the muzzle of the pistol at his temple, fired, and fell dead at his wife's feet. Harris had for some time acted strangely, but his sanity was never suspected before the tragedy.

## Will There be War?

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—A somewhat spirited correspondence is passing between the postal authorities of Great Britain and the United States with regard to the stoppage of the delivery of certain mail matter. It appears the British authorities are not only prohibiting the circulation through the mails of certain American newspapers inimical to the interests of that government, but that registered letters and packages suspected of containing seditious information, or dangerous preparations, are intercepted by the same authorities.

## "It Might Have Been."

LONDON, Aug. 11.—The Athenaeum says Prof. Esmarch, the eminent German surgeon, has published a lecture which he delivered before the physiological society at Kiel on the treatment of Gen. Garfield's wound. Prof. Esmarch's lecture was to the effect that Gen. Garfield might have been alive but for the treatment he received.

## Knights of the Key on a Strike.

CHICAGO, Aug. 11.—Col. R. C. Clowry, general superintendent of the Western Union

Telegraph company, has received an official notification from J. J. Dickey, division superintendent at Omaha, that all the striking operators at Denver had been applying to be taken back at their old salaries, and that but two or three of them had been reinstated, as their places had already been filled, and the company had all the force required.

## Colliding Locomotives.

WHITEHALL, N. Y., Aug. 11.—A south bound train for Lake George, by way of Fort Ticonderoga, came into collision with an extra engine near Putnam's this noon. Both engines were wrecked and the baggage and drawing room cars went down an embankment. No one was killed or injured on the passenger train, Leonard, engineer of the extra engine, was killed.

## The Fever Scourged Towns.

BROWNSVILLE, Tex., Aug. 11.—Twenty new cases of yellow fever to-day, all Mexicans. No deaths in the last twenty-four hours. In Matamoras there are about fifty cases. Two deaths have occurred in the last twenty-four hours. The weather is very favorable. There are five cases of fever seven miles up the river at Cortino's ranch. All mail communication is stopped.

## An Ohio Railway Disaster.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 11.—A Commercial's Washington, O., special this morning, says there was a collision between a north bound freight and a south bound passenger train on the Southern railway, at Parrott's crossing, four miles north of here, by which Miss Carr lost her life and several persons in the caboose of the freight were severely but not fatally wounded.

## An Absconder Far From Home.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 11.—The police of this city were notified by the authorities of Prague, Bohemia, that Herman Abels, 45 years old, owner of a large milling establishment in that city, had absconded with \$280,000 belonging to his creditors. The dispatch claims that the defaulter is at either Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis or Milwaukee.

## Killed Accidentally.

OSHKOSH, Wis., Aug. 11.—This evening a young man named Fred Leavens, of Olean, N. Y., was found in an outhouse in the agones of death, with a bullet hole through his brain and a revolver by his side. Circumstances tend to show that the shooting was accidental. He is unconscious and cannot live more than an hour.

## Extended Mail Service.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 11.—The Chicago & Northwestern road has extended the mail route from Watertown, Clark county, D. T., and on the 15th inst. mail service will be placed on this extension. The postal clerks on the route in Dakota from Tracy to Huron will commence on the 16th, going through to Pierre, on the Missouri.

## Money for Suppressing Yellow Fever.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—Secretary Folger says the inquiry into the need of the use of money for suppressing epidemics and the duty of applying it will be committed to the surgeon general of the marine hospital service, and in case of need the army and navy surgeons will be called on in addition.

## Train Robber Nabbed.

NORTH ADAMS, Mass., Aug. 11.—F. Howe, employed by the Troy & Greenfield railway, was arrested to-day, charged with being a train robber. He confesses his guilt and implicates H. E. Eastman, formerly night yardmaster of the Troy & Greenfield road, and Geo. Warren, also an employee of the road. These have been arrested.

## The Boys "Kicked."

GALVESTON, Tex., Aug. 11.—The News-Dallas special says, Near Lone Denton, Dallas county, three brothers named Steele opposed the marriage of their mother with a man named Greene. A quarrel sprang up, in which one of the Steeles was mortally wounded.

## Killed on the Track.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 11.—An unknown man about 60 years of age was struck and killed by the Chicago passenger train of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road, a few miles out of this city, this morning.

## At the Point of Death.

LONG BRANCH, Aug. 11.—The widow of James Robert Adams, cashier of the West End hotel, who killed himself, is at the point of death, from the shock.

## Mourning for Gen. Warren.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—The engineer corps will wear the usual thirty days mourning for Gen. Warren.

## Raum to the Rescue.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—Gen. Raum has gone to Maine to take part in the political campaign.

## Senator Hill's Death Hourly Expected.

ATLANTA, Aug. 11.—Senator Hill is worse. His death is looked for to-morrow or next day.

## Train-Wrecker Caught at His Tricks.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 12.—A dastardly attempt at train wrecking was discovered on the Chicago & Northwestern road a few miles south of this city to-night. The engineer of the passenger train due here at 6 p. m. discovered, in a cut of the road between Oak Creek and the county line, a tie across the rails. The train was stopped in time, and it was found that the tie was fastened by large spikes. The station officials along the line were notified of the fact, and ordered to keep a close watch. A switchman named Donahue, near Oak Creek station, discovered shortly before the arrival of the 8 p. m. Chicago passenger, that a man at about the same place as the first indicated, made a second attempt to fasten a tie across the rails.

On the approach of Donahue the man took to the woods, but was caught and held until the passenger train arrived, when he was taken to Milwaukee and handed over to the authorities. He gave his name as Lon Johnson, but refused to make any further statements.

## A Gay Old Maid.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 12.—A canton special to the Leader reports that an eccentric and probably demented spinster of 40, named Minnie Kreuger, has complained recently that boys fire guns at night near her house, disturbing her sleep. This story, however, proves to be an invention to divert suspicion from her own strange and murderous freaks. Last night Mr. Sumner and wife were awakened by a loud report and the crashing of glass in their bedroom. Investigating, they found that Miss Kreuger had deliberately gone to their house with a shotgun, heavily charged with powder and pebbles, and fired through the window at them. Her aim was high, and the pebbles lodged in the wall above the bed. Miss Kreuger was arrested and committed for trial. No cause is known for her singular action.

## Concerning Stephen Meary.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—Acting Secretary of State Davis has been in communication with Minister Lowell, London, in reference to Stephen J. Meary, of New York, who was arrested for alleged violation of the repression act. Secretary Davis yesterday telegraphed Minister Lowell to give the case immediate attention, and to investigate and report to the department. An answer was received from Minister Lowell to-day, stating that the foreign office had no official information on the subject, but he understood that Meary had been released. Secretary Davis then telegraphed Minister Lowell to get exact information as to whether he is free or not.

## The President in New York.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—The steamer Dispatch, with the president on board, arrived to-day. The Dispatch proceeded up North river as far as Thirtieth street. The steamship Minnesota saluted her as she passed with two guns, and the Dispatch responded with two guns. Commander Gill, of the Minnesota, went on board the Dispatch, the visit being a formal one. Considerable time was spent in exchanging official courtesies, and Commander Gill returned to his ship. Shortly after 3 o'clock the Dispatch landed. Several private carriages were waiting for the party, which was immediately driven to President Arthur's residence.

## Sam Tilden Very Ill.

NEW YORK, Aug. 13.—Ex-Sheriff Albert S. Daggett is authority for the statement that Samuel J. Tilden is very ill at Graystone, and has been under the doctor's care for five days, and every avenue of intelligence to the outside world is cut off. It is not believed that Mr. Tilden is in danger of immediate dissolution, but in his general physical weakness he will not be able to stand a long siege of illness.

## Prize-Fighters Gobbled by Police.

BROOKTON, Mass., Aug. 12.—A prize fight was fought this afternoon between Michael Radders and John Donnelly. The mill occurred in a vacant lot near Salisbury river. After pounding each other for an hour, in which Donnelly was badly bruised, the proceedings were brought to a sudden close by the appearance of the police. The brawlers, after a long struggle, were captured.

## Unionists Bounced.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 12.—Notice has been given by the Helmbacker forge and rolling mill that hereafter none but non-union workmen will be employed there. This throws about 101 union men out of work, and is the result of a disagreement about the making of much iron, the union men insisting that it should be made at the mill while the company asserts that they will obtain it where they please.

## Precautions Against Yellow Fever.

JACKSON, Miss., Aug. 12.—The Mississippi state board of health will establish immediately quarantine stations at Osyka, on the New Orleans & Chicago railway; St. Adams, on the Mississippi, and at all points in Hancock county on the Mobile & New Orleans railway. A certificate of the boards of health will be requested from all persons traveling.

## Family Fight in Kentucky.

CATTLETTSBURG, Ky., Aug. 12.—On election day in Pike county, a bloody affray occurred between the McCoy and Hatfield families. One of the latter was shot and cut fatally. His friends banded together, caught three of the McCoy's, tied them to trees and shot them dead. More bloodshed is expected, as the families are numerous and vindictive.

## The Fever.

BROWNSVILLE, Aug. 12.—Twenty-one Mexicans and four Americans constitute the new cases of yellow fever. One death has occurred. In the opinion of physicians the fever is materially exhausting itself. There are several deaths and new cases in Matamoras.

## A Degraded Set.

COLUMBUS, Aug. 12.—John Metzger, a molder, was murdered late last night by his stepson, Chas. Wagner, aged 17, during a family quarrel, which originated between the parents. The boy took his mother's part. The mother was very drunk, and all were intoxicated. The boy killed his father instantly by stabbing him in the heart with a knife.

## Desperadoes Shot to Death.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 12.—The intelligence is just received that a mob attacked the Campbell boys, desperadoes, in a house in Caldwell county. The Campbells killed one of the mob. The house was then fired, and as the Campbells were driven out they were riddled with bullets.

## Warren's Death Deplored.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 12.—A large meeting of the survivors of the fifth army corps was held here to-night, and after several speeches deploring the death of Gen. Warren, suitable resolutions regarding the same were passed.

## Notice.

All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or trespassing upon any portion of the sw ¼ of sec. 33, town 139 n, range 80 w.

Known as the Jackson Claim, and lying within the corporate limits of the city of Bismarck.

JOHN J. JACKMAN, 611d&w

## Notice of Final Proof.

LAND OFFICE, Bismarck, D. T., July 11, 1882. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of her intention to make final proof in support of her claim, and secure final entry thereof at this office August 16, 1882, at 2 o'clock p. m. under section 2,301, revised statutes:

Mary Glitschka, Homestead entry No. 444, for the w½ of Sec. 36, Town 139 west, Range 78 west, and names the following as her witnesses, viz: Wm. Derno, Cour. James W. McPherson, P. Murray and C. Cramer, all of Burleigh county, post office address Clarke, D. T.

JOHN A. REA, Register.

## Notice of Final Proof.

LAND OFFICE at Bismarck, D. T., Aug. 2, 1882. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and secure final entry thereof at this office at 2 p. m., Tuesday the 20th day of September, 1882, viz:

Henry P. Johnston, Homestead entry No. 178, July 2, 1880, for the n ¼ Sec. 6, township 139 north, range 80 west, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: John Nichols, Fred Klautner, Nelson Cook, J. M. Garrett, all of Burleigh county, D. T., post office address Bismarck.

JOHN A. REA, Register.

## Sidewalk Notice.

At a meeting of the City Council of the city of Bismarck held at the city hall, July 12, 1882, the following resolution was adopted: Be it resolved by the mayor and common council of the city of Bismarck, that it is necessary to build a sidewalk between Main and Rosser streets in the city of Bismarck, along both sides of the streets hereafter mentioned to-wit: First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth, except along such portions of such streets where sidewalks are already built, which shall comply in all respects with the ordinance relating to sidewalks along said streets at the time of the construction of the same.

Attest: Wm. Woods, City Clerk. Approved: J. W. RAYMOND, Mayor.

## Notice of Term of District Court.

The following order was received by Clerk of District Court Corey. Attorneys and others may take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

THIRTY JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT, { It appears to me, the judge of said court, that an additional term has become necessary to dispose of the business of the Judicial Sub-division composed of the counties of Burleigh, Edmunds and Stevens, in said third judicial district and territory of Dakota, therefore ordered: That such term be held at Bismarck, the county seat of said county of Burleigh, wherein terms of said court are regularly holden, commencing on the 23rd day of August next at 9 o'clock in the forenoon of that day. Dated at Fargo, in said district, this 17th day of July, A. D. 1882.

S. A. HUDSON, Judge.

## Summons.

IN the District Court of the Fourth Judicial District of the Territory of Dakota, within and for the county of Deuel.

Sarah Thompson, plaintiff, vs. D. C. Thompson, defendant. The Territory of Dakota to the defendant above named: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which was filed in the clerk's office in and for Deuel county, in the Fourth judicial district court, on the 18th day of April, A. D. 1882, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint upon the subscriber at his office in the village of Gary, county of Deuel, territory of Dakota, within thirty days after service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated at Gary, D. T., the 20th day of July, 1882. H. B. MONTGOMERY, Plaintiff's Attorney.

## Probate Notice.

Territory of Dakota, county of Burleigh, ss.

In Probate Court in and for Burleigh county.

In the matter of the estate of Mary McGowan, deceased. On filing the final account of Thomas McGowan, administrator of the estate of Mary McGowan, deceased, and on application of said Thomas McGowan for the adjustment and allowance of his administration account, and the assignment of the residue of said estate to such persons as are by law entitled to the same, and it appearing that said estate is ready for distribution, it is ordered that said account be examined, adjusted and allowed at a general term of said court to be held at the court house in the city of Bismarck, Burleigh county, D. T., on the 4th day of September, 1882, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day. It is further ordered that upon the adjustment and allowance of such account by the court as aforesaid, the residue of said estate be by the order of this court assigned to such persons as are by law entitled to the same. It is further ordered that notice of the time and place of the examination and allowance of such account and of the assignment of the residue of said estate be given to all persons interested, by publication of said notice for three successive weeks next before said day of hearing, in the Bismarck Weekly Tribune, a paper printed and published in the county of Burleigh, D. T., and also by posting in three of the most public places of said county, a copy of said notice for the same period of time.

E. N. COREY, Judge of Probate.

Dated Aug. 11, 1882.

John E. Carland, Atty for Administrator 10-13

## Probate Notice.

Territory of Dakota, county of Burleigh, ss.

In Probate Court in and for Burleigh county.

In the matter of the estate of Julia B. Sheldon deceased. On filing the final account of John B. Sheldon, administrator of the estate of Julia B. Sheldon, deceased, and on application of said John B. Sheldon for the adjustment and allowance of his administration account, and the assignment of the residue of said estate to such persons as are by law entitled to the same, and it appearing that said estate is ready for distribution, it is ordered that said account be examined, adjusted and allowed at a general term of said court to be held at the court house in the city of Bismarck, Burleigh county, D. T., on the 4th day of September, 1882, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day. It is further ordered that upon the adjustment and allowance of such account by the court as aforesaid, the residue of said estate be by the order of this court assigned to such persons as are by law entitled to the same. It is further ordered that notice of the time and place of the examination and allowance of such account and of the assignment of the residue of said estate be given to all persons interested, by publication of said notice for three successive weeks next before said day of hearing, in the Bismarck Weekly Tribune, a paper printed and published in the county of Burleigh, D. T., and also by posting in three of the most public places of said county, a copy of said notice for the same period of time.

E. N. COREY, Judge of Probate.

Dated Aug. 11, 1882.

John E. Carland, Atty for Administrator 10-13

## Probate Notice.

Territory of Dakota, County of Burleigh, ss.

In Probate court, in and for Burleigh county.

In the matter of the estate of Alexander Mathey, deceased. On filing the final account of Valentine Shreck administrator of the estate of Alexander Mathey, deceased, and on application of said Valentine Shreck for the adjustment and allowance of his administration account, and the assignment of the residue of said estate to such persons as are by law entitled to the same, and it appearing that said estate is ready for distribution, it is ordered that said account be examined, adjusted and allowed at a general term of said court to be held at the court house in the city of Bismarck, Burleigh county, D. T., on the 4th day of September, 1882, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day. It is further ordered that upon the adjustment and allowance of such account by the court as aforesaid, the residue of said estate be by the order of this court assigned to such persons as are by law entitled to the same. It is further ordered that notice of the time and place of the examination and allowance of such account and of the assignment of the residue of said estate be given to all persons interested by publication of said notice for three successive weeks next before said day of hearing, in the Bismarck Weekly Tribune, a paper printed and published in the county of Burleigh, D. T., and also by posting in three of the most public places of said county a copy of said notice for the same period of time. By the court.

E. N. COREY, Judge of Probate.

Dated Aug. 11, 1882.

John E. Carland, Atty for Administrator 10-13

## Marshall's Notice of Sale.

The United States vs. the steamboat Peninah her tackle, apparel, and furniture. By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas issued out of the district court of the United States of America for the first judicial district of Montana Territory, and to me directed and delivered, I shall sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, on the 28th day of November, A. D. 1881, at 10 o'clock a. m., above ferry landing on the west side of the Missouri river near Bismarck, Dakota Territory, the steamboat Peninah, her tackle, apparel, and furniture condemned at the court of the United States.

ALEX. C. BOTKIN, U. S. Marshal, District of Montana.

Dated, Helena, Montana, October 27, 1881.

DE-12-19-26.

The above sale is hereby postponed until the 7th day of December, A. D. 1881, at the order of the U. S. marshal for the District of Montana.

Nov. 28, 1881.

The above sale is hereby postponed until Saturday, December 10, 1881, at 10 o'clock a. m. By order of

ALEX. C. BOTKIN, U. S. Marshal, Dist. Montana.

By J. H. Hathaway, Dep't Marshal.

The above sale is hereby postponed until Thursday, December 29, 1881, at 10 o'clock a. m. By order of

ALEX. C. BOTKIN, U. S. Marshal, Dist. Montana.

By Deputy Marshal Ayott.

December 10, A. D. 1881.

The above sale is hereby postponed until Wednesday, January 4th, 1882, at 10 o'clock a. m. By order of Alex. C. Botkin, United States marshal for the district of Montana.

By A. P. Ayott, United States deputy marshal.

The above sale is hereby postponed until Thursday, January 5th, 1882, at 10 o'clock a. m. by order of Alex. C. Botkin, United States marshal for district of Montana.

By A. P. Ayott, Deputy Marshal.

January 3, 1881.

The above sale is hereby postponed until Wednesday, the 8th day of February, 1882, at 2 o'clock p. m.

By J. W. HATHAWAY, Deputy Marshal.

Dated, Bismarck, D. T., January 5, 1882.

The above sale is hereby postponed until April 3d, at 10 a. m., 1882, by order of Alex. C. Botkin, United States marshal for the district of Montana territory.

By A. P. Ayott, Deputy Marshal.

Dated, Bismarck, D. T., Feb. 8, 1882, 46-43.

The above sale is hereby postponed until May the 13th, 1882, at 10 o'clock a. m. By order of

ALEX. C. BOTKIN, U. S. Marshal for the District of Montana.

By A. P. Ayott, Deputy U. S. Marshal,

April 3rd, 1882.

The above sale is hereby postponed until the twenty-second day of June, 1882, at 10 o'clock a. m., by order of Alex. C. Botkin, U. S. marshal for the district of Montana.

By A. P. Ayott, Deputy Marshal.

May 13th, 1882.

## Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of that certain indenture of mortgage whereby the power of sale therein contained has become operative, made and executed by Maurice F. Stucky, of Burleigh county, Dakota Territory, to Francis Fraser of said county, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Burleigh county, Dakota territory, on the 26th day of April, 1882, at 10 o'clock a. m. in book A 2 of mortgages, on page 225, on said mortgage, there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice as principal and interest the sum of seventy-one dollars and seven cents, and no proceedings at law or in equity having been taken to recover any part of said debt secured by said mortgage, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage, and the statute in such case made and provided, the sheriff of Burleigh county, Dakota, or his deputy will sell at public auction to the highest bidder on Monday the 21st day of August, 1882, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the front door of the court house in Burleigh county, Dakota territory, the premises described in said mortgage or so much thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy the said sum of seventy-one dollars and seven cents together with the costs allowed by law and attorneys fee of fifty dollars provided for in said mortgage. Above mentioned premises being described as follows: Lot number forty one in Raymond's River Addition to the city of Bismarck, D. T., together with all the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto in anywise appertaining.

Dated July 6, 1882.

FRANKIE FRASER, Mortgagee.

JOHN E. CARLAND, Attorney for mortgagee. 5-11



NEWS COMMENTS.

NORTH Pacific stock 50%; preferred, 94%.

Now let the English fleet bombard De-  
Lesseps.

SAMPLES of a fine quality of Dakota wheat  
have been received on Milwaukee change.

J. W. HYND, the new marshal of Dakota  
territory, was appointed from North Ala-  
bama.

Just think what a solid boom the capture  
of that Minneapolis banner would be for  
Burleigh county.

A Tower City wag palmed off a young  
crane on the ladies of the Hatch party as a  
"Dakota canary."

GEN. BRISSEN is making a collection of ag-  
ricultural products of eastern Montana to  
exhibit at Minneapolis.

It has been suggested that the long wire  
fences of our prairie farms can be utilized  
for telephones at small cost.

The secretary of the navy has approved the  
design of a flag to be known as the "presi-  
dent's flag." It will fly from the mainmast  
of every vessel used by the president.

JAMESTOWN Capital: Bismarck is to have  
another paper. It will be called the Herald.  
It will have to rise up early in the morning  
to come up to the Tribune.

SENATOR STEWART, independent republican  
candidate for governor of Pennsylvania,  
challenges Gen. Beaver, the straight republi-  
can candidate, to a joint debate on the differ-  
ences between the factions.

Gov. FOSTER says that it costs Ohio \$3,000,-  
000 a year to support her poor, and that  
\$2,500,000 of that is directly chargeable to  
the liquor traffic. The entire liquor interest  
in the state pays less than \$300,000 in taxes,  
leaving the rest of the taxpayers to foot the  
balance of the cost of free trade in intox-  
icants.

HELENA Independent: Superintendent  
Conner is busily and practically at work upon  
the worst portion of the Park roads. He is  
highly spoken of by returning visitors, who  
congratulate Montana people upon his acce-  
sion, and assure them that the labor he is  
expending will result to the lasting benefit  
of the domain now in his charge.

BISMARCK is entering upon an era of sub-  
stantial progress. The thousands of acres  
of magnificent grain lying round about her  
are the visible promise of a prosperity that  
has "come to stay." Her growth henceforth  
will be of a solid and healthful sort. The  
basis of her boom is literally "as good as the  
wheat"—and the best kind of wheat at that.

NEWTON McMILLAN, a young journalist em-  
ployed on the Chicago Daily News, on last  
Thursday afternoon shot himself through  
the left lung with suicidal intent. He will  
die. He comes from a good family in Ann  
Arbor, and is a graduate of the Michigan  
University. It is believed that despondency  
because of inability to gratify costly tastes  
on a reporter's salary was the cause.

A REMARKABLY bold robbery occurred yes-  
terday in New York city. E. F. Gamsay,  
paymaster for Robinson & Wallace, builders,  
had drawn \$35,000 from the bank to pay the  
firm's employees. While he was sorting the  
bills his brother, John A. Gamsay, a watch-  
man in the employ of the salesroom, seized  
a package, containing \$24,000, ran into the  
street, and was soon out of sight. It is sup-  
posed he left the city.

E. J. BALDWIN, known in lower California  
as "Lucky" Baldwin, is in New York mak-  
ing arrangements for the more perfect irri-  
gation of his 20,000 acres of land, which pro-  
duces grapes and oranges. Baldwin made his  
fortune in mining, and does not know  
without two millions of what he is worth, as  
he testified in a suit that his fortune was  
somewhere between \$5,000,000 and \$8,000,-  
000. A million or two makes no difference.

Mr. HENRI, ex-vice presidential candi-  
date, is certainly unfortunate in his oratory;  
so much so that his republican opponents  
find no set of campaign literature so effective  
for their cause as Mr. English's speeches.  
The Minneapolis Journal, speaking of his  
speech before the democratic convention,  
says: "A lower speech was never made in  
Indiana than that of Mr. English yester-  
day. Low in conception, narrow in scope,  
buggily in thought, slangy and blasphemous  
in language. It did its author no credit."

The Spirit of the Times says: "It now  
seems absolutely certain that, in their efforts  
to sneak away from a fair race with the  
Hillsdale crew, the English Amateur Rowing  
Association have added falsehood in regard  
to the letters of inquiry, said to have been  
sent to America. No such communications  
have been received here, and this while the  
English Amateur Rowing Association stolidly  
waits for answers, which were certainly  
not sent as announced, and probably have  
not yet been written. And these are  
representative English gentlemen and amate-  
ur oarsmen!"

The Rev. Mr. Barnes, known as the Ken-  
tucky evangelist, has been preaching in Day-  
ton, O., a month, but converts come slowly.  
He says that he can't fight the devil worth a  
cent in Dayton, with all the clergymen and  
nearly all their Christians fighting on Satan's  
side. He once got an audience of fifteen  
hundred, and after preaching to them for  
hours only three were converted. He said  
that life was too short and souls too precious  
for such slow work—it was not worth while,  
so he announced that he would leave Dayton  
by the next train and shake the dust off his  
feet as a testimony against the town. Bur-  
lesques on religion are becoming unpopular  
in some quarters.

In an early day Bismarck sowed her "wild  
oats" and acquired a bad name. Denny  
Hannaun says it was the worst town he ever

saw, and Denny had witnessed the small be-  
ginnings of a score of western frontier  
towns. There is no doubt that the reputation  
which Bismarck received then clung to her  
long after she had risen above it and had  
ceased to deserve it. Perhaps this fact ex-  
plains why our churches and our public read-  
ing room are to-day a sort of revelation to  
many people from the east. Their astonish-  
ment on beholding these marks of civiliza-  
tion in so unexpected a place is something  
like that of Robinson Crusoe on discovering  
the footprints in the sand. The fears of even  
the most apprehensive "tenderfoot" are now  
calmed after a few days' sojourn with us,  
when he discovers that there were only a commu-  
nity of peaceful grangers after all.

**The Bridge.**

The first four hundred foot span of the  
Bismarck bridge was finished and left to  
support itself yesterday. Its sag in the  
center was but two and three-eighths  
inches, which still leaves the center five  
inches above the level of the ends. The  
heaviest train will not bring it down over  
two inches more. The building of this  
bridge requires the most accurate mathe-  
matical calculations, and if one will but  
study closely the building of this great  
structure he must be convinced of the  
great art of modern engineering. The  
whole structure will probably be finished  
by the middle of October.

**The Hatch Party.**

Yesterday, about 4 o'clock, the Rufus  
Hatch party came in from the west. They  
arrived at Mandan at 9 o'clock in the  
morning, and soon after came down and  
accepted the invitation of Capt. Woltoik  
to take a ride on the transfer. They went  
down the river as far as Sibley island,  
and then returned to Mandan for dinner.  
Mr. Hatch said he was very sorry that  
Mr. Taylor, of Mandan, had not arranged  
the running of the train so that he could  
look the city of Bismarck over more thor-  
oughly than they could from the car win-  
dow, but as it was they were obliged to  
pass on to Steele, where they were to re-  
main a short time. A number of carriages  
were in waiting at the depot for the ar-  
rival of the train to take the excursionists  
about the city, but they were doomed to  
disappointment. Mr. Hatch said he en-  
joyed his western trip very much, and he  
was more emphatically than ever im-  
pressed with the greatness of the north-  
west.

Messrs. McKenzie & Wittecox presented  
Mr. Hatch with some fine specimens of  
Burleigh county wheat and oats, which  
that gentleman carefully labeled and  
placed in his car.

**The New Elevator.**

The contract for building the new  
75,000 bushel elevator was awarded yes-  
terday to the Bismarck Building associa-  
tion. It will be ready to receive wheat  
inside of forty days. It will be located  
between Seventh and Eighth streets,  
northwest of the flouring mills, on the  
railroad right of way. It will be 40x60  
feet on the ground and seventy-five feet  
high. It will have an iron roof, and its  
sides are also to be covered with iron.  
It will be built so that next year it can  
be increased in size.

**Challenge Accepted.**

ED. TRIBUNE: Having seen the chal-  
lenge of Mr. O'Connor in the TRIBUNE, I  
accept the same, thus far, viz: Mr. Proctor  
deposited \$50 in the Bismarck National  
bank to back me in a match of 50 or 100  
glass balls, single rise from a mole trap,  
under rules of trap. Let Mr. O'Connor  
come and put up or forever hold his peace.  
C. M. POMEROY.

**Heavy Wheat.**

L. N. Griffin offers to bet \$400 that  
there is a portion of Col. Lounsbury's  
Scotch Fife wheat that will yield over  
fifty bushels per acre. It is so heavy  
that the St. Paul binder, which binds a  
bundle every four feet and ten inches, of-  
ten has to be relieved. It is safe to re-  
ly on forty bushels average for the whole  
field.

**A Hillsboro Girl.**

Hillsboro has a female carpenter. She  
isn't one that mashes her thumbs trying  
to make little articles for domestic use,  
but she is a full-grown, able-bodied duch-  
ess of the jack plane. She climbs ladders  
and ghdes around on scaffolds; and when  
she shingles a roof half the ungodly young  
men of the town are loafing around under  
the eaves.

**Simply a Comparison.**

Mr. Cary, of Mandan, told Rufus Hatch  
yesterday that he could get good farming  
lands one mile and a quarter from Man-  
dan for \$3.65 an acre. Land that near to  
Bismarck cannot be bought for \$25 an  
acre. It raises thirty bushels of No. 1  
hard to the acre is one reason, and that it  
is near Bismarck is another.

**Binders Choked by Heavy Grain.**

W. B. Hibbs, who is working J. G.  
Pitts, Apple creek farm, five miles east of  
Bismarck, says some of his wheat is so  
heavy that it clogs his self-binder, and he  
cannot cut the full width of the sickle  
bar. David Stewart meets with the same  
difficulty.

**New Plats.**

Township plats of 139, ranges 95 and  
69, and township 140, range 96, have been  
recorded at the Bismarck land office and  
are open for entries.

**Notice of Final Proof.**  
U. S. LAND OFFICE at Bismarck D. T.,  
Aug. 11, 1882.  
Notice is hereby given that the following  
named settler has filed notice of his intention  
to make final proof in support of his claim, and  
secure final entry thereof at this office at 11  
o'clock a. m., September 19, 1882, viz:  
**John F. Wallace.**  
H. E. No. 97, for the east 1/2 of northeast 1/4;  
southwest quarter of the northeast quarter;  
southeast quarter of the northwest quarter, sec-  
tion 22, township 140 north, range 80 west, and names  
the following as his witnesses, viz: David Stew-  
art, Geo. Joy, Edward Sloan and Thomas For-  
tune, all of Burleigh county, D. T., postoffice ad-  
dress Bismarck.  
11-15 JOHN A. REA, Register.

**Notice of Contest.**  
U. S. LAND OFFICE, BISMARCK, D. T.,  
Aug. 8, 1882.  
Complaint having been entered at this office  
by Thomas J. Hynds against William Berry  
for abandoning his homestead entry No. 325,  
dated May 16, 1881, upon the east half  
of the northeast quarter; east 1/2 southeast 1/4  
of section 20, township 139 in range 77 west in  
Burleigh county, Dakota territory, with a view  
to the cancellation of said entry: the said parties  
are hereby summoned to appear at this office on  
the 20th day of Sept., 1882, at 2 o'clock p. m., to  
respond and furnish testimony concerning said  
alleged abandonment.  
J. A. REA, Register.  
E. M. BROWN, Receiver. 11-15

**Views of the  
YELLOWSTONE  
Bad Lands,  
BLACK HILLS  
and  
Upper Missouri.**  
Including all points of  
interest on the line of  
the North Pacific Rail-  
road, published by  
F. JAY HAYNES,  
Official Photographer N.  
P. R. R., Fargo, D. T.  
Catalogues free.

**HEAT YOUR HOUSES!**

**Most Powerful!**  
(Wrought or Cast Iron.)

**Durable!**  
(For Coal or Wood.)

**Furnaces In The World.**  
MADE BY  
**RICHARDSON, BOYNTON & CO.,**  
Chicago, Ill.  
Embody new 1882 improvements. More prac-  
tical features: Cost less to keep in order; use  
less fuel; will give more heat and a larger  
volume of pure air than any furnace made.  
Reference, George Peoples.

**MATHES, GOOD & SCHUMBERGER,**  
THE LARGEST  
**TAILORING**  
ESTABLISHMENT  
**In the Northwest.**  
Importers and Jobbers of  
**Fine Woolens & Trimmings.**  
**82 Jackson St.,**  
**St. Paul, Minn.**

**The People of  
DAKOTA**  
and of the whole Northwest, who contemplate  
visiting Chicago and the East, and who desire to  
travel over the BEST ROUTE, should purchase  
tickets over the  
**C., ST. P., M. & O. RY.**  
This route, through Grey and Madison, Wiscon-  
sin, forms the only through line from  
**MINNEAPOLIS AND ST. PAUL**  
**To Chicago,**  
That runs passenger trains through without change  
with Pullman Palace Sleepers, on all express trains.  
Also remember that the Chicago, St. Paul, Minne-  
apolis & Omaha R'y is the  
**ONLY LINE**  
Running through trains between  
**ST. PAUL & COUNCIL BLUFFS,**  
With Sleeping Cars through without change to  
St. Louis, Council Bluffs, St. Joseph and Kansas  
City. Tickets over all lines of the C., St. P., M. &  
O. R'y can be secured from any ticket agent in the  
Northwest, and at the Company's offices in St. Paul  
and Minneapolis.  
When going to Chicago and the East, ask for  
tickets through Grey and Madison, and when going  
to Yankton, Omaha, Kansas City and the Southwest,  
ask for tickets through Sioux City, and you will  
have the satisfaction of riding over one of the best  
roads in the United States, and that road is the  
**C., ST. P., M. & O.**  
F. B. CLARKE, T. W. TEASDALE, Gen'l Ag't,  
Gen'l Traffic Manager, St. Paul, Minn.

**PACIFIC HOTEL.**  
L. PETERSON, PROP'R.  
Fourth Street. New house and furniture  
throughout. Reasonable Rates.

**PRICES OF LOTS**  
IN THE NEW TOWN OF  
**STEELE,**  
County Seat Kidder County.

**Prices Good for a Short Time Only.**

This new town was laid out in August last, and already over 400 lots have been sold. The reason of this is that Steele is the most important point between Jamestown and Bismarck, it being about half way between the two points, and the center of one of the best farming sections in North Dakota. It was at Steele that the largest yield of No. 1 hard wheat ever raised was harvested. Building contracts already let for the season of 1882 insure to the new town a boom unprecedented in the growth of any other town along the line of the North Pacific. The following prices of lots are good only for a short time.

\$15 LOTS.	\$50 LOTS.
Block 7, Lots 8 and 23.	Block 2, Lot 14.
" 21, " 22	" 3, " 11
" 22, " 22	" 8, " 9, 10 and 18.
	" 11, " 20 and 23.
	" 13, " 21 to 22
	" 15, " 24.
	" 16, " 18, 19, 20 and 23.
	" 17, " 14 and 17.
	" 19, " 24.
	" 21, " 4.
	" 23, " 2, 3 and 6 to 9, 11 and 12.
	" 25, " 3, 14 to 21 inclusive.
	" 26, " 2 and 22.
	" 27, " 1 and 23.
	<b>\$55 LOTS.</b>
	" 8, " 8.
	" 9, " 13 to 16 inclusive.
	" 11, " 3.
	" 15, " 2 to 8 inclusive.
	" 16, " 19 and 24.
	" 17, " 13 and 18.
	" 18, " 16.
	" 21, " 3.
	" 26, " 1 and 23.
	" 27, " 24.
	<b>\$60 LOTS.</b>
	Block 8, Lot 7.
	" 9, " 12 and 17.
	" 15, " 1 and 9.
	" 17, " 20.
	" 18, " 17.
	" 21, " 2.
	<b>\$65 LOTS.</b>
	Block 9, Lots 11 and 18.
	" 15, " 10.
	" 17, " 19.
	" 20, " 6 and 8 to 11 inclusive.
	" 21, " 1.
	" 26, " 24.
	<b>\$70 LOTS.</b>
	Block 9, Lot 10.
	" 15, " 11.
	" 20, " 5 and 12.
	<b>\$75 LOTS.</b>
	Block 9, Lot 9.
	" 15, " 12.
	" 16, " 4 to 9 inclusive.
	" 20, " 4.
	<b>\$80 LOTS.</b>
	Block 9, Lot 8.
	" 17, " 10 and 11.
	" 18, " 5 and 8.
	" 19, " 8 to 10 inclusive.
	" 20, " 3.
	<b>\$90 LOTS.</b>
	" 19, " 2 and 11.
	" 20, " 2.
	<b>\$100 LOTS.</b>
	Block 11, Lot 18.
	" 18, " 12.
	" 19, " 12.
	" 20, " 1.
	" 24 8 to 15.

The above lots are in the market at this date, but are being sold rapidly. Send for plats and pick out the lots you want immediately if you want to "catch on" to the spring boom. Address—  
**STEELE & SWEET,**  
Bismarck, D. T.

June 1, 1882.

**IMPORTANT TO HORSE OWNERS.**

**Cole's Veterinary Carbolisalve**

**Carbolisalve**

Will cure Cuts, Wounds, Bruises, Collar and Saddle Galls, Chaps, Chafes, Mange, Sores, Abscesses, Speed Cracks, Scratches, Cracked Heel, Thrush, Rotting Frog, Inflammations and all Skin and Hoof Diseases, quicker than any other remedy known.  
It will cure any case of Scratches, Speed Crack or Cracked Heel.  
It keeps the frog and hoof soft and healthy, and will grow a new tough hoof in a short time.  
It is cleansing and healing and is the only preparation that will cure Cuts, Wounds, Galls and Sores, and BRING THE HAIR IN THE ORIGINAL COLOR. Unequaled for general stable use.  
Found cans, \$1. Small cans, 50 cents. Sold by Druggists generally. Prepared only by  
**J. W. COLE & CO.,**  
Black River Falls, Wis.

**PILES**  
**ANAKESIS**  
DR. S. SISEE'S EXTERNAL PILE REMEDY  
Gives Instant Relief, and is an Infallible  
**CURE FOR ALL KINDS OF PILES.**  
Sold by Druggists everywhere. Price, \$1.00 per box, prepaid, by mail. Samples sent free to Physicians and all sufferers, by Neustaedter & Co., Box 3446, New York City. Sole manufacturers **ANAKESIS**  
50y1

**Burdock Blood Bitters**

Cures Scrofula, Erysipelas, Pimples and Face Grabs, Blotches, Boils, Tumors, Tetters, Humors, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Sores, Mercurial Diseases, Female Weaknesses and Irregularities, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Affections of the Liver, Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia and General Debility. Directions in eleven languages.  
A course of Burdock Blood Bitters will satisfy the most skeptical that it is the Greatest Blood Purifier on earth.  
PRICE, \$1.00. TRIAL SIZE, 10 Cents.  
**FOSTER, MILBURN & CO., Prop'rs, Buffalo, N. Y.**

**FALL MONEY LIST**  
WE KEEP IN STOCK THE LARGEST VARIETY OF GOODS IN THE U. S. AND CAN SELL YOU ANY ARTICLE FOR PERSONAL OR FAMILY USE, IN ANY QUANTITY AT WHOLESALE PRICE. WHATEVER YOU WANT SEND FOR OUR CATALOGUE (FREE) AND YOU WILL FIND IT THERE  
**MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.**  
227 & 229 WABASH AVENUE, CHICAGO.

**SAVED**  
READY



# THE METROPOLIS

Business brisk. Bismarck booming. Harvesting in Burleigh county is now about half done.

Why don't the young men of Bismarck organize a gymnasium?

W. R. Fountain has been appointed postmaster at Keith, M. T.

The second story of the Union block is nearly completed.

J. C. Cady was busy yesterday in unloading a car load of new goods.

At McKenzie & Wilcox's office can be seen a fine sheaf of buckwheat, in bloom.

Burleigh county can raise as good timothy, clover and redtop as Michigan.

Thos. Van Etten has cottonwood sprouts that have grown eight feet this season.

Van Etten claims to be the possessor of the best road team in Burleigh county.

Whitney intends to have a new band. Musical stars will please address him.

The Hayes farm has 250 acres of grain in the shock, and has commenced fall plowing.

Jake Hunsaker hasn't sold his buggy yet. He offers it at \$55. A bargain for some one.

The flower gardens of Bismarck are now in fullest bloom, and are beautiful in the extreme.

Days extremely warm; nights cool and comfortable. No better weather could be asked.

The streets are crowded daily with strangers, and the country highways with land-hunters.

Judge Van Etten now sports a brand new double-seated wagon. It's a picnic year for farmers.

Burleigh county land can now be bought for just half what it will be worth next year at this time.

Corn could not look better in any country, at this time of the year, than it does in Burleigh county.

The threshers will be at work quite generally in this section next week. A few will be started this week.

McLenn & Macdonald will finish harvesting on the Stark farm to-morrow, and will begin thrashing Monday.

Gardens having a good growth of vegetables of any kind should keep in good order samples for the fair.

The Fargo Republican says the Missouri slope must certainly be a better country than has been generally supposed.

The Rufus Hatch party are up at Winnipeg. They will return to St. Paul about the last of the present week.

Why do not Bismarck's city fathers get a street sprinkler? It is much needed, especially on such days as yesterday.

Capt. D. W. Maratta and a party of friends celebrated the captain's birthday on Sunday, at the residence of Jas. A. Dammons. May he have many returns of the day.

A sample of oats from the farm of John Richardson can be seen at J. W. Raymond's store. It is as fine as any yet brought to town, and is well worth seeing.

Geo. Elder was in the city yesterday, and is jubilant over the fact that he has all his grain in the stack ready for the threshers. Mr. Elder's crops were fine, and his barn was particularly excellent.

Mr. Thomas D. Robinson, a division superintendent of the Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad, yesterday shot a wild deer inside the city limits of Bismarck, near the house of C. M. Cushman.

Mr. Van Dusen commenced cutting on his 1,000-acre field of wheat at the Troy farm on Monday with thirteen machines cutting 100 acres per day. He will have this year 50,000 bushels of grain.

Charles Williams has received his new bottling works and is now ready to supply the trade with bottled beer for immediate use. Williams handles only Ph. Best's famous Milwaukee lager.

The Jamestown Alert says: "On the 4,000-acre Troy farm the threshers are running at a lively rate, at work on the oats and barley. It makes a 'tenderfoot' open his eyes to about the size of a full moon to see the grand scene on which harvesting is done on our bonanza farms."

Never was a street sprinkler needed more than now. It seems as if in a town where so little is required to keep the streets in repair, that a sprinkler might be furnished. The matter should be agitated by those who suffer most from the dust.

Col. William Thompson returned from St. Paul last evening. He says that Burleigh county leads the van in farming operations by all odds this year, and that the Minneapolis fair will be a great advertisement for this section, as the Minnesota slope has the best samples to send to the fair.

If you have anything growing on your premises that suits yourself, send a sample to the Minneapolis fair to surprise some one else. Samples of anything left at the depot with Agent Davidson, or left at the Tribune office, will be properly tagged and forwarded to Minneapolis.

The sporting men are indulging in too much challenge. Nothing has come of all the challenges published in the Tribune for the past ten days. These men must either put up or shut up, so far as the Tribune is concerned.

The Jamestown Alert says of its board of trade: "A stranger, dropping into the board of trade meeting, last evening, remarked upon its splendid material. The meeting, he said, would have reflected credit upon a city of 30,000 population. Much good will be done through the medium of this organization."

Another artesian well is being bored at Yankton, and the Press and Dakotian says: "The artesian well at the Jencks hotel is down 280 feet, and has reached the sand rock formation in which flowing water was found in the big well on the hill. There is every reason to expect that the water vein will be tapped within the next hundred feet."

Potatoes develop monstrous proportions in this section of Dakota. Several were pulled from a hill in Mr. Bly's garden, opposite the Sheridan house, yesterday, that compare favorably with the mastodon's tooth. They are from six to eight inches in circumference. Another peculiarity of the potato of this country is that, no matter how large they grow, they are solid throughout. One of these potatoes baked makes a meal for a small family, and if baked by

skillful hands will crack open, the inside coming out like flour.

The Minneapolis Tribune says: "The Northern Pacific land office received yesterday several fine samples of growing crops, including oats six feet in height, and corn with forming ears, from the farm of P. H. Byrne, in Morton county, D. T., corn from Turtle Valley, in Burleigh county, which is near nine feet high, and wild oats from Burleigh county seven feet high."

Dr. Kellogg, since his advent in Bismarck, has gained in both health and wealth. He's perfectly satisfied; has a good business and it's still increasing. Yesterday he went out in the country four miles north of Clarke and caught on to one-half section of railroad land, and he advises his friends to go and do likewise.

The Minneapolis Evening Journal says: "The killing of prairie chickens this year will generally begin the 15th of August. There was an attempt made at the extra session of the legislature to change the date for the extermination of the chicken law from September 1st to August 15th, and several of the legislators are laboring under the impression that it was passed. There is no record of it, however, but the sportsmen are buying ammunition and are taking their chance on the legality of the matter. If worst comes to worst, the prairie chicken may still masquerade as a pigeon for fifteen days longer." It doesn't make any difference in this section whether the law reads September or August, as the birds are perfectly safe—that is if the record of the Nimrods, who have already been out, is kept up. There is something wrong with the ammunition this year.

## More Samples for the Fair.

The North Pacific space in the Minneapolis exhibit will be double the size of that occupied last season, and the prospects are that still more room will be necessary. Burleigh county has its pretty little cottage which was so much admired last year, and if that cottage does not receive the prize banner offered by Col. King for the best exhibit of grain, then there is no virtue in superior samples. Farmer Wallace brought in another large load of grain yesterday, and proceeded to put it with the balance of the samples thus far received in the car set out for that purpose by Agent Davidson. A better collection of grain and grasses could not be found in any country. It requires about 200 bundles of oats and wheat to thatch the roof and sides of the pretty little Swiss cottage on the fair grounds, so that farmers will see the importance of giving plenty of what they have.

## He Likes the Missouri Slope.

Thursday's Fargo Argus has the following: "Mr. E. C. Allen, proprietor of the Literary Companion, published at Augusta, Me., has recently visited the north-west for the purpose of purchasing a farm, which will meet his ideas as to what a farm should be. With this object in view he has prospected extensively, finally discovering a tract of eighteen sections, forty miles north of Bismarck, which he is now trying to buy from the North Pacific railway. Unlike the majority of 'new farmers,' Mr. Allen will pay but little attention to wheat, provided he secures the desired tract. He will devote 1,000 acres to wheat and the remainder of his domain to a variety of crops and the best stock which can be purchased in the United States, having ample means to gratify his ambition and taste in the agricultural line. Mr. Allen's history as a publisher is remarkable, and will justify a passing reference. He is the originator of the chromo business for enlarging his circulation, and the venture proved so successful that his postage alone on the Literary Companion amounted to \$43,000. His enterprise has made the Augusta post-office the fifth in importance and trade in the United States, and he now employs in his establishment no less than eleven of the largest Hoe presses manufactured in the United States. During his land explorations in the Missouri river valley, he carried an eleven-foot auger to test the character of the soil at different points, and was accompanied by one of the most scientific farmers of Maine."

## Coal Supply of the Northwest.

The Pioneer Press of the 14th says: "It is understood that Messrs. Bly & Thompson, of Bismarck, have perfected an agreement with the North Pacific railroad company, under the terms of which Messrs. Bly & Thompson are to have control of half of all the lignite coal mined on the company's lands west of the Missouri river, the railroad company to own and control the other half—the agreement to cover all mines, present and future, except two now operated by Messrs. Bly & Thompson west of the Missouri. The sales of lignite coal now amount to \$500 per day, with indications of a gradual increase, and \$2 per ton are allowed for the expenses of mining under the contract entered into. The coal will be delivered on the cars at \$2.50 per ton at all points west of Miles City, and at \$3 per ton at points beyond the latter place. At Bismarck coal will be delivered on the cars at the rate of \$3.25, and the rate will be \$4, \$4.50 and \$5 per ton to all points east of Bismarck as far as Fargo. The scheme is exclusively the North Pacific company's, the directors not being interested in it to any extent, but is expected to do much toward the solution of the fuel problem for the enterprising settlers of Dakota from the Red to the Missouri rivers. The lignite is found to answer well for heating and domestic purposes, and will make up for the scarcity of wood between the streams mentioned."

## The Missouri Slope Ahead.

The fact that the crops of the Missouri slope are ahead of any other district in

Dakota is being recognized by everyone who knows anything about crops. The Minneapolis Evening Journal says: "The North Pacific officials point with pride at some of the Bismarck farmers who are threshing and have half their wheat out. They claim that they will be ten days ahead of the Red River valley."

## This Year's Harvest.

The Fargo Republican truly says: "Nothing has yet occurred to diminish the faith of any one that this year's harvest in North Dakota will be the most bountiful with which the country has been blessed in any year since its settlement. The weather continues favorable. In many localities the work of harvesting is progressing rapidly. There will be a larger average yield to the acre than usual. The yield of wheat this year will do a great deal to advertise the New Northwest. It will be the means of turning thousands in this direction, and great as the immigration has been in the past, that of 1883 will far exceed it. North Dakota, in less than two years will double, and perhaps treble her population, and be entitled to admission to the Union."

## List of Letters.

Remaining uncalled for in the Bismarck, D. T. postoffice for the week ending Saturday Aug. 12, 1882:

Bowman L G  
Brags Wm P  
Carlson C A  
Collins Frank A  
Carothers J E  
Collins Minnie E  
Dahlman Victor  
Everson P K  
Fallgren A G  
Fisher Henry  
Feist Joseph  
Grahn Herman  
Holland Abe  
Harden Walter S  
Ingles Willie  
Johnson A W  
Johnson C F  
Jacobson Erich  
Julian J E  
Lund Anna  
Lash George  
Lovell Lewis  
McLenn Angus  
McDonald Chas  
Myers John A  
McDonald John S  
Myers Mett  
McCarthy P  
Myers T R  
Nelson Fred  
Nord John  
O'Hea John  
Omroff Robert  
Pierce B F  
Ralter Forest  
Spray Bert  
Stanley Mrs Christine  
Sayre Geo A  
Seaton Louis  
Smith Wm 2  
Styles Willie  
Thomas Frank  
Turpin Dick  
Vampelt J Van  
Whelan Edward  
Wilson John R  
Wang J M  
Young Joseph

If not called for in thirty days they will be sent to Dead Letter office, Washington, D. C. Persons calling for the above will please say "Advertised," and give date of list.  
C. A. LOUSBERRY,  
Postmaster.

## Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made and executed by Wm. A. Hollembeck, mortgagor, to Wm. Dawson, Robert A. Smith and Albert Scheffer, doing business under the firm name of Dawson & Co., mortgagees, bearing date the 5th day of May, 1881, whereby the said mortgagor did grant, bargain, sell and convey unto the said mortgagees, their heirs and assigns, the following described real estate situated and being in the county of Burleigh and territory of Dakota, to wit: The west half of lots seven (7), eight (8), nine (9), ten (10), eleven (11) and twelve (12), in block one hundred and fourteen (114), in the city of Bismarck, according to the plat thereof recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Burleigh county, D. T., which mortgage was given to secure the payment of a promissory note bearing even date therewith, given by the said Wm. A. Hollembeck, back to Dawson & Co. for the sum of eleven hundred dollars (\$1,100), payable one year after date, with ten per cent interest thereon per annum, which mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Burleigh county, D. T., on the 5th day of May, 1881, in Book 1 of mortgages, page 377.

And whereas, there is claimed to be due on said note and mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of twelve hundred forty-three dollars and thirty-five cents (\$1,243.35), together with the sum of fifty dollars attorney's fees, allowed in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and that no proceedings at law or otherwise have been taken to recover the amount so secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises above described, at public auction to the highest bidder, which sale will be made by the sheriff of Burleigh county, D. T., or his deputy, at the front door of the court house in the city of Bismarck, in said county, on the 30th day of September, 1882, at 2 o'clock p. m., to satisfy the amount which will then be due on said note and mortgage, including attorney's fees allowed and all lawful costs and disbursements of the sale.

Dated August 13, 1882.  
WM. DAWSON,  
ROBERT A. SMITH,  
ALBERT SCHEFFER,  
Co-partners as Dawson & Co., Mortgagees.  
Flannery & Wetherby,  
Attorneys for Mortgagees.

## A Wise Selection.

Ole Johnson has been appointed to take the place of Blomquist, resigned, in the employ of the North-Pacific land department. Mr. Johnson is one of the very best men for this position. He has seen much of the world. He is familiar with the country. He is upright and square

in all of his talk and all of his dealings, and the TRIBUNE knows of no man so well adapted to the work as Mr. Johnson.

## In Good Spirits.

T. Walker, Cleveland, O., writes: "For the last twelve months I have suffered with lumbago and general debility. I commenced taking Burdock Blood Bitters about six weeks ago, and now have great pleasure in stating that I have recovered my appetite, my complexion has grown ruddy, and feel better altogether." Price \$1.00, trial size 10 cents. For sale by P. V. & Co.

## A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D., New York city.

## How many a sweet face is marred

By yellow teeth and falling gums, And mouth and lips all hot and hard, And breath deep-tainted as it comes; And yet, with SOZODONT, we may Keep all these dire effects at bay

Go to La Shells' News Depot for latest papers from home.

## By Lottery

Is the only way sudden riches are liable to come to us. A poor person can become suddenly rich \$2 can win \$20,000. The Commonwealth Distribution Company have another drawing August 31st at Louisville, Ky. The drawings are fair, are honest, are conducted to the satisfaction of all. Buy a ticket and send your order immediately to R. M. Boardman, Courier-Journal building, Louisville, Ky.

## Give him a Rest.

When enfeebled by long suffering proceeding from torpid liver, biliousness, indigestion, constipation, or sick headache, take Burdock Blood Bitters, which give rest to the weary, and rejuvenates all the organs of the body. Price \$1.00, trial size 10 cents. For sale by P. V. & Co.

Go to the Postoffice-News Depot and try those 5c Cigars. They are the best in town.

## On Thursday, Aug. 31st.

At Louisville, Ky. the Commonwealth Distribution Co. will have their 47th popular drawing; tickets are only \$2, halves \$1. Send your orders to R. M. Boardman, Courier-Journal building, Louisville, Ky.

We are pleased to note that Cole's Veterinary Carbolic Acid is meeting with universal favor among prominent horsemen. It is an article of true merit, and one that deserves to have a prominent place in every stable. — Chicago Horseman. For sale by P. V. & Co.

A pleasant home circle made enjoyable by reading a good Book. Go to La Shells' for it.

## \$112,400 in Prizes

And tickets only \$2 each. Aug. 31 will be the day when the Commonwealth Distribution Co. will have the grand 47th drawing. Every person in the land should have at least one ticket. Have you sent your order yet? Don't delay. It may be your turn for a fortune. Try. Send for tickets to R. M. Boardman, Courier-Journal building, Louisville, Ky.

## Notice of Final Proof.

LAND OFFICE at BISMARCK, D. T., August 12, 1882. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and secure final entry thereof at this office at 2 o'clock p. m. on the 21st day of September, 1882, viz:

## Warner F. Lewis.

D. S. No. 497, filed April 29th, 1882, alleging settlement July 15, 1881, for the south half of the northeast quarter, section 20, township 146 north range 84 west, and names the following as his witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said tract, viz: Walter S. Lipscombe, Robert J. Mann, E. T. Winston and Thos. Mann, all of Stevens county, postoffice address Fort Stevenson.

JOHN A. REA, Register.

## Notice of Final Proof.

LAND OFFICE, Bismarck, D. T., July 11, 1882. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and secure final entry thereof at this office August 26, 1882, at 2 o'clock p. m. under section 2301, revised statutes:

## Mary Glitschka.

Homestead entry No. 444, for the w. 1/2 of Sec. 20, Town 139 west, Range 78 west, and names the following as her witnesses, viz: Wm. Democour, James W. McPherson, P. J. Murray and C. Cramer, all of Burleigh county, post office address Clarke, D. T.

JOHN A. REA, Register.

Pocket Books, Fancy Goods, Albums and the finest Stationery in Bismarck at La Shells' Postoffice News Depot.

## 46 Popular Drawings

Have taken place under the management of the Commonwealth Distribution Co. All have given perfect satisfaction. Hundreds of thousands of dollars in prizes have been distributed to lucky ticket holders. Send \$2 for a ticket in the next drawing which takes place Aug. 31, to R. M. Boardman, Courier-Journal building, Louisville, Ky.

## Notice of Final Proof.

U. S. LAND OFFICE at Bismarck, D. T., Aug. 12, 1882. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and secure final entry thereof at this office at 3 o'clock p. m. on the 21st day of September, 1882, viz:

## Edmund T. Winston.

D. S. 474, filed March 16, 1882, alleging settlement April 25, 1881, for the southwest quarter of section 16, township 146, range 84 west, and names the following as his witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said tract, viz: Warner F. Lewis, Walter S. Lipscombe, Robert J. Mann, and Thomas Mann, all of Stevens county, D. T. Postoffice address, Fort Stevenson.

JOHN A. REA, Register.

G. H. Fairchild, Pres't. W. A. Dillon, Cash'r. Asa Fisher, Vice Pres't. P. W. McKinney, Asst. Cash'r.

## FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF BISMARCK, DAKOTA

Capital, - - - \$50,000  
Surplus and Undivided Profits, 6,000

## DIRECTORS:

G. H. FAIRCHILD, H. R. PORTER,  
ASA FISHER, DAN EISENBERG,  
H. F. DOUGLAS.

## Correspondents:

American Exchange Nat. Bank, New York.  
First National Bank, Chicago.  
Merchants Nat. Bank, St. Paul.

Exchange on all the Principal Cities of Europe. Collections Receive Prompt Attention. Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED ON ANY BUSINESS IN OUR LINE.  
Ocean Steamboat Tickets.

## THE IMPERISHABLE PERFUME.

Murray & Lanman's FLORIDA WATER.

Best for TOILET, BATH and HANDKERCHIEF.

## Carpenter & Cary,

Land Agents

## N. P. R. R. CO.,

Mandan, D. T.

Town Lots in all parts of Mandan. Desirable lots in the N. P. addition to Mandan. If you want to buy or sell, call on

Carpenter & Cary.

## Farm Machinery.

Joseph Hare & Co.

Agents for the St. Paul Harvester, Weir Sulky and Walking Plows, Ithaca Rakes, St. Paul Mowers, Cortland and Climax Buggies and Wagons, and Case Lumber Wagons. It will be to your interest to look over our stock and get our prices before buying elsewhere.

Office and Warehouses South Side Track Opposite Round House

## Dry Goods!

Don't forget that we are headquarters on Dry Goods always. A full line in all the novelties of the season. All orders from the country will have prompt attention.

Dan Eisenberg.